### **Panasonic**

# Operating Instructions Automatic Bread Maker (Household Use)

# 使用说明书 自动制面包机(家庭用)

Model No. 型号 SD-P104



# Make various delicious breads manually in a simple and convenient way!





With crispy crust and delicious taste **Bread** (P.18)



Fasten the whole baking progress! **Rapid bread** (P.23)



With soft and fine crust **Soft bread** (P.23)



With crispy crust and original flour aroma **French Bread** (P.24)



Slightly hard crust that are fragrant, healthy and nutritious **Whole wheat bread** (P.25)



Add in rice to make a high water content and soft **Rice bread** (P.26)



High water content, soft and chewy **Rice flour bread** (P.27)



Two-layered bread with a crispy cookie crust **Stuffed bread** (P.28)





Rolls (P.35)



Croissant (P.36)



Bagel (P.37)



Pizza (P.37)





**Dumpling skin** (P.38)



Cake (P.39)



Chocolate (P.41)

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# 简单方便地制作各种美味面包!

松软可口 **面包** (干酵母)



表皮松脆味道可 口的**吐司面包** (P.68)



短时间完成! **快速面包** (P.73)



质感松软、细腻的**软式面包** (P.73)



表皮松脆可口,呈现面粉自身风味的 法式面包(P.74)



表皮稍硬、麦香四溢、营养丰富的全 **麦面包**(P.75)



加入米饭制成富有水分且绵软的**米饭**面包(P.76)



绵软富有水分且有 嚼劲的**米粉面包** (P.77)



松脆可口带有香酥菠萝皮的**馅料面包** (P.78)

各种风味的 面包 用面包面团、 披萨面团制作



奶油卷(P.85)



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披萨 (P.87)

其他



饺子皮面团(P.88)



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# Safety precautions Please make sure to follow these instructions.

In order to prevent accidents or injuries to the user, other people, and damage to property, please follow the instructions below.

■The following charts indicate the degree of damage caused by wrong operation.



Indicates serious injury or death.



Indicates risk of injury or property damage.

■The symbols are explained and classified as follows.



This symbol indicates prohibition.



This symbol indicates requirement that must be followed.





In order to avoid fire, burns and electric shocks

#### Do not touch, block or cover the steam vent during use.



Especially pay attention to children.

/It may cause<sup>\</sup> \burns.

the power cord.



#### Please use the lithium battery carefully.

(In order to avoid heating, fire and blowout the battery.)



1111

- Charging, short circuit, heating and throwing it into fire are forbidden.
- Do not mix with other metals and batteries.



- Please keep it away from children.
  - → Please consult your doctor if it is swallowed accidentally.

Ш

Please wind it with adhesive tapes and keep it properly insulated before rejection or storage.



#### Do not use the sockets and wiring devices beyond their capacity. Do not use any power

Properly use the power plug and

supply other than 220 V AC. Because overheating may happen if the rated power of multiple circuits is exceeded.

Do not damage the power cord and the power plug.

Do not damage, modify and approach hot devices. Do not bend, twist, stretch, load or bundle the cord in force.

Otherwise it may cause fire due to electric shock or short circuit.

Do not use when the power cord is damaged and the socket is loosened.

Otherwise it may cause fire due to electric shock or short circuit.

- If the supply cord is damaged, it must be replaced by the manufacturer, its service agent or similarly qualified person in order to avoid a hazard.
  - Do not plug or unplug the power cord with
    - wet hands.
  - (It may cause an electric shock.) Insert the power plug firmly.
  - Otherwise it may cause electric shock, ' heating and fire.
  - Please clean away dusts on the power plug regularly.
    - Take special care to see if the pins have too many dusts on them. Poor insulations and fire will take place due to moistures if so.
- Unplug the power plug, and wipe with the dry cloth

When abnormal incident or malfunction take place, stop using the appliance immediately and pull the plug out from the electrical outlet.



Otherwise it may cause smoke, fire, electric shock or burns.

Abnormal The power plug and the power cord become or breaking abnormally hot. down

- ■The power cord is damaged or power failure.
- The main body is deformed or is abnormally hot.
- ■The appliance makes abnormal turning noise during use.
- Unplug the appliance immediately and contact the service centre for the check or the repair.

# In order to avoid fire, burns and injury

#### Caution

The temperature of accessible surfaces may be high when the appliance is operating.





- Do not touch the bread pan, the main unit, the air vent, inner part of the appliance, the heater, the inner side of the lid and other high-temperature parts. Because of the heat while woring, do not clean and maintain until bread pan cools down. (Otherwise it may cause burns.)
- Use gloves to take out the bread pan. \*Do not use wet gloves. They are highly conductive and may \cause burns.

#### Please observe the following instructions to avoid any accident



Please keep it away from infants and children.

This appliance is not intended for use by persons (including children) with reduced physical, sensory or mental capabilities, or lack of experience and knowledge, unless they have been given supervision or instruction concerning use of the appliance by a person responsible for their safety. Children should be supervised to ensure that they do not play with the appliance.

May cause burns, electric shock \and injury.



Do not immerse the main unit in water or splash it with water. Otherwise it may cause electric shock or fire due to short circuit.



Do not disassemble, repair or modify this appliance by vourself.

/It may cause fire, electric\ shock and injury.

→ Please consult service centre on repairs.



#### Do not use the appliance on the following places!



- On carpets and other objects that are non-resistant to heat. (It may cause fire.)
- Unstable surfaces and desktops covered with a tablecloth. (It may cause falling or fire.)
  - \* Be careful to find an appropriate place to accommodate the hot bread pan.
- Places that are contaminated with flour, greases, dusts and other easily-falling articles. / It may cause the appliance to slip and fall from the worktop.
  - Remove flour and keep away from the table edge by over 10 cm.
- Near walls and furniture.
  - → Must keep away from it by over 5 cm. (It may cause deformation and discoloration.)

#### Properly use the power plug.



- Make sure to hold the power plug when unplugging the power plug. (Otherwise it may cause electric shock or fire due to short circuit.)
- Unplug the power plug when the appliance is not in use. (Otherwise it may cause electric shock, or fire due to electric leakage.)

#### Install the lithium battery correctly.

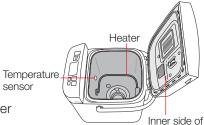


•Do not reverse the anode and cathode of the battery. (It may cause heating, fire and blowout the battery. See P.9)

### requirements

- Do not put any towel on the lid. It may cause a malfuction \ or deformation.
- Do not put it near place that is wet or near fire source. / It may cause a malfuction or deformation.
- Please consult your doctor before use if you are allergic to any food.
- The appliance is not intended to be operated by means of an external timer or separate remote control system.

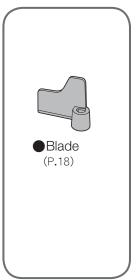
- Do not use excessive force on the parts illustrated below.
  - (It may cause a malfuction or deformation.)

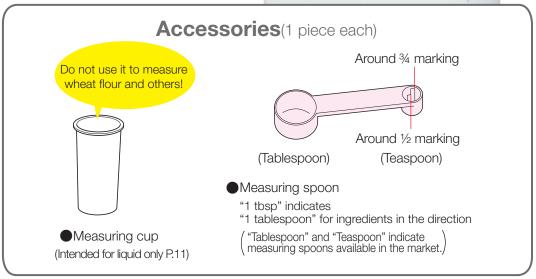


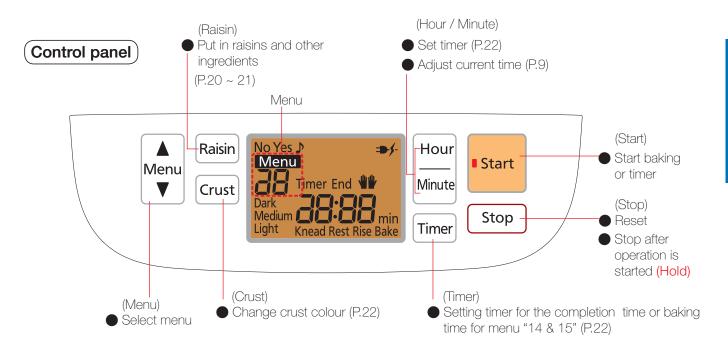
# Parts names and accessories

■ Please clean the bread pan, blade and accessories before initial use (P.43)











- Pull out the insulating film in advance (P.8)
- The time is displayed in the 24 hour system.

#### 1)Plug in

- \* You cannot adjust time if it is not plugged in.
- ②Press "Hour" or "Minute" (flashing time)

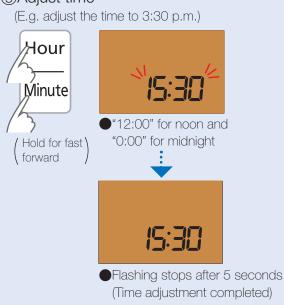




• Release fingers when a beep sound is heard.

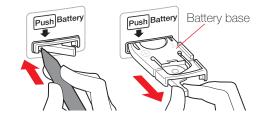
#### 3Adjust time

4)Pull out the plug



#### Replace lithium battery

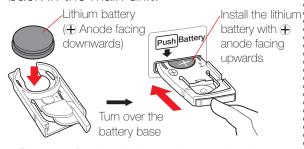
- \* Use the lithium battery to enable the bread maker to memorize current time and previous settings.
- ①Take out the battery base



②Secure the battery with left hand and remove the battery base.

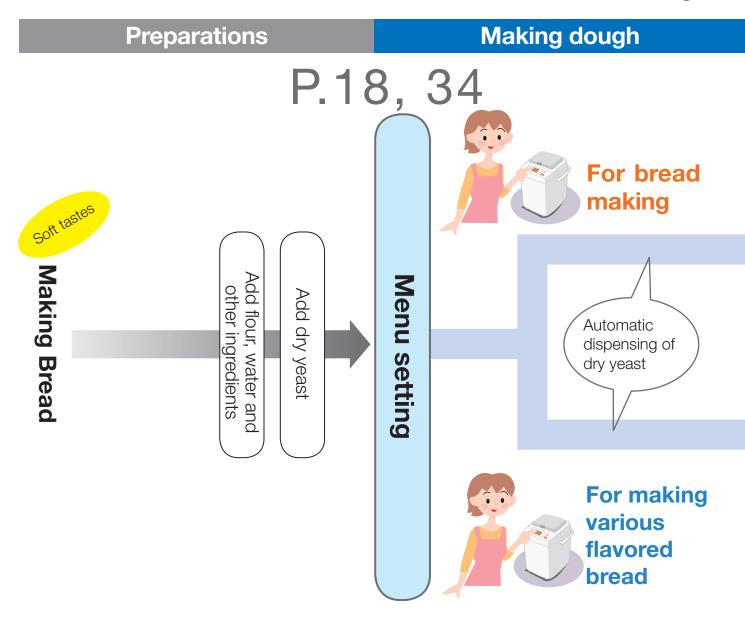


③Turn the battery base upside down and install the battery. Install the battery base back in the main unit.



- \*Please confirm that the battery does not drop down.
- \*Baking can be started even if the lithium battery is not installed.

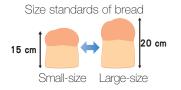
# Procedures and key points of bread-making





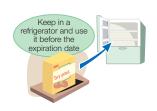
# Home made bread change swelling condition and shape every time

Bread-making process is highly vulnerable to temperature, humidity, ingredients and setting time. Conditions of shapes and swelling extents would change slightly even if the same baking method is applied.

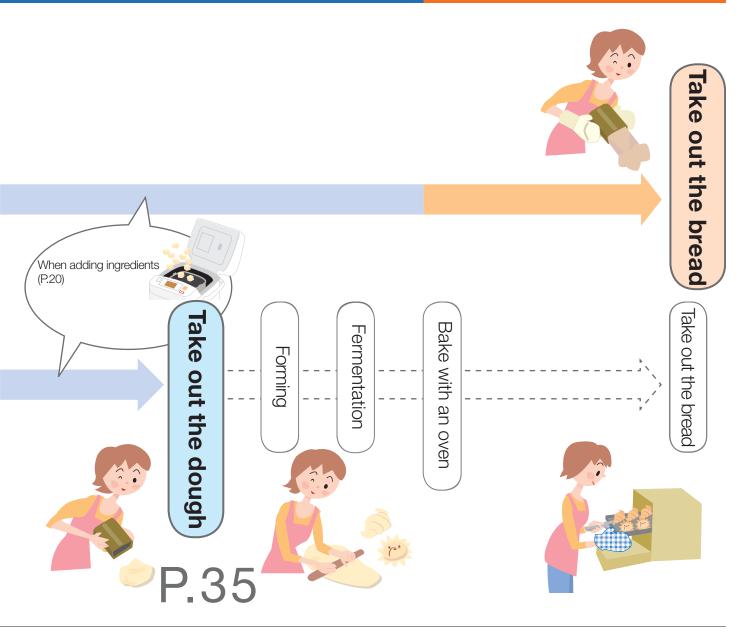


# The freshness of ingredients is critical! Is it properly kept?

Instant dry yeast that contribute to the fermentation and swelling of breads (P.14) are fresh stuff like fish and meats. Instant dry yeast must be kept in a refrigerator! Remember to seal the instant dry yeast for storage after it is opened!



#### **Baking**



#### High room temperature. A high room temperature will adversely affect bread baking.

Water substantially affects swelling conditions. The temperature of ingredients will rise when it is summer or the room temperature is over 25 °C. For that reason, please add ice cubes in water and bring temperature down to 5 °C. (Use it after the ice cubes are taken out.)



## Measure flour in weight.

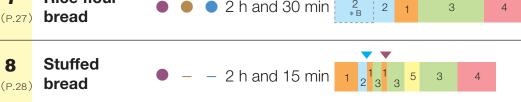
Flour must be measured in weight (The accessorized measuring cup is dedicated to liquid measurement. Do not use it!). Please correctly weigh the flour with a scale in an accuracy of 1 g.



and other liquid!



#### List of bread types and baking options Time for adding yeast powder to the dough. (beep sounds) Time for adding fruit and other ingredients. (beep sounds) Time required (approx.) Raisins Timer Crust color (Required time and time for adding yeast will be changed depending on room temperature, crust colour, time and other conditions.) 1 **Bread** 4 h (P.18) 2 Rapid bread 2 h (P.23) 3 Soft bread 4 h and 20 min (P.23) 4 2 \*B French bread 3 5 h 4 (P.24) Whole wheat 5 2 5 h bread (P.25) 6 Rice bread 4 h (P.26) 7 Rice flour • 2 h and 30 min bread Stuffed 8

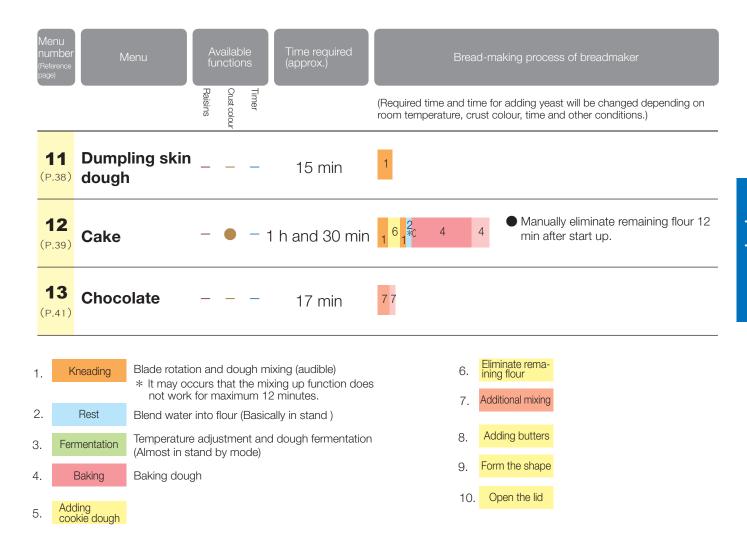


Fulling in stuffing 55 min



10 Pizza dough 45 min (P.34)

- Upon setting timer, "kneading" is preformed and the unit will stay in \*Astandby mode after kneading.
- Upon setting timer, standby mode is always maintained before the next process is started. Standby period of 11 hours at the maximum.
- This process may be skipped sometimes. \*C
- \*D May be omitted; continuous "kneading" may take place.



# **Bread-making ingredients**

In additions to the basic ingredients, you may add your favorite ingredients to make breads of various tastes. (Ingredients and dosages may vary depending on the kinds of breads)

#### Flour

(High-gluten flour, Low-gluten flour)





Mixed with water, the protein will be combined to form glutens.



- Flour screening is not necessary.
- The swelling extentsion may vary due to the different protein contents.
- Use the ingredient which is produced recently.
- Keep in a cool and dry place.
- Be sure to use a scale to measure it in "weight".



#### For making bread

Generally, use high-gluten flour which has high protein content (12%~15%). Non bread flour has an unobvious swelling effect. It will result in harder bread. Furthermore, self-raising flour has no swelling effect.

\*Please check the list of ingredients on the flour package in advance.

#### **Fats and oils**

(Butter, unsalted butter, margarine and shortening)





It makes the bread texture fine, soft and moist.

Applicable to solid form, unnecessary to be softened.
 \*Unsalted butter is recommended.

#### **Dairy products**

(Milk powder, milk)







Improve bread taste, smell and crust conditions.

Prevent hardening of bread.



- Please reduce the same quantity of water if milk is used.
- Please use skim milk powder or whole milk powder with natural nutritional content.

#### Salt





It can make the bread chewier while adjusting the tastes.

It can also avoid bacterial propagation.

#### Egg



Improve bread taste, smell and crust conditions.

It can also improve the elasticity of the bread.

#### Bread yeast



Sugar is used as the source of nutrition to create carbon dioxide that makes the dough rises.







Bread textures

The dough rise with the carbon dioxides trapped inside.



- The yeast is alive.
- Different degrees of freshness of the yeast will vary the expanding condition while the dough is swelling or fermenting. Therefore, please use yeast within the expiration date and be sure to seal it well and keep it in a refrigerator.
- If yeast powder get wet, its ability of fast fermentation will be reduced.

#### **Dry yeast**

In order to make a soft and delicious bread, it is better to use dry yeast that don't require advance fermentation.

\*Do not use fresh yeast and baking powder.



#### Sugar

Granulated sugar, brown sugar and honey





Sugar is the nutrition for bread yeast which can speed up the fermentation. It can also improve taste, smell and crust of breads.

- Big sugar particles shall be pulverized.
- Do not use rock sugar and other crystal sugar.



- Increase the amount of sugar to darken the crust; decrease the amount to lighten the crust.
- Do not use the low-calorie sugar substitute.

#### **Baking powder**

For making scones and cakes.

\* Even adding it into bread and soft bread would not make it swell.

#### Rice flour



Rice flour does not contain the proteins necessary for dough swelling. Therefore, it is impossible to make bread if only rice flour are added.

It is important to use different flour according to the various menu.



- \* As rice flour bread contains wheat (gluten), it is not recommended for people who are allergic to wheat.
- \* Be sure to pay attention to the ingredients, cleaning methods, and maintenance. Use after consulting your doctor.

#### \* About gluten

The substances resulted from combinations of the proteins in flour and water.

Bread-making yeast generates carbon dioxides to inspire the extention of the dough, hence finally generates the textures of the bread.

#### Water



Gluten is produced by adding water in flour.



- Cold water is used for the following recipes (about 5 °C: almost the temperature of icy water)
  - Rapid bread
- French bread
- Whole weat breadStuffed bread
- Other menus while roome temperature is above 25 °C
- Alkaline water is not applicable.

#### For making bread

- The water of which the hardness is within 50~200 should be the most appropriate in this case.
- \*The hardness of the water is calculated from its calcium and magnesium content. Water of moderate hardness can improve the dough elasticity and the bread swelling effect. If the water is too hard, the bread will be harder.
- Distilled water is not applicable for bread swelling.

#### **Tips**

Please note the following to avoid damaging the fluorine coating of the bread pan and blade:

- Adding hard ingredients may cause the fluorine coating to peel off.
- For large crystalline particles such as coarse sugars and sea salts, melt them down in the room temperature water before use.
- Insufficient water may lead to dough hardening, thus damaging the coating during dough kneading.
- Be sure to put ingredients into the bread pan in the following order: flour → other ingredients → water.
- Do not use hard items such as knives, forks and chopsticks to take out the bread.
- Always check whether the blade is attached in the bread (at the bottom) before cutting the bread to avoid damaging the blade.
- \* Eating the peeled-off fluorine coating does not affect health.

# Bread-making ingredients(Continued)

#### Basic weight of each spoon (Supplied measuring spoon)

	Tablespoon	Teaspoon
Granulated sugar	Approx.12 g	Approx.4 g
Milk powder	Approx.6 g	Approx.2 g
Salt		Approx.5 g
Dry yeast		Approx.2.8 g

#### In case of changes of recipe and type of ingredients

Adjust according to personal preferences based on the following quantities.

Ingredients	To increase	To decrease
Butter	May be increased by 150%	May be decreased by 50%
Granulated sugar	May be increased by 100%	May be decreased by 50%
Milk powder	May be increased by 100%	May be exempted
Salt		May be exempted  (May be reduced by 50% for rice flour bread

- Increasing the amount of sugars will darken the crusts. Decreasing the amount will lighten the crusts and reduce the height.
- The bread will have less texture without salt. Without salt, ferment acts less frequently, glutens will not form and quality of the bread will not be satisfactory.
- Margarine may be used to substitute butter, honey to substitute sugar and milk to substitute milk powder (P.14)
  - Honey shall not exceed 25 g
  - One tablespoon of milk powders is equivalent to 70 mL milk

#### In case of adding eggs or milk

- Egg (1 at the most)
- Milk (half of water quantity at the most)
- Reduce the water in the same quantity of eggs or milk. 

  Put egg and others into the measuring cup and add water for measurement.
  - Do not use timer. (May deteriorate in summer)



# Ingredients preparations



### The ingredients (P.18) and the amount are introduced based on the basic bread.

You may also add your favorite ingredients in addition to the basic ingredients in order to make various flavored bread.

Put the ingredients in the bread pan at the beginning!

Among the basic ingredients













#### **Vegetable**



- : about 15 ~ 20% of flour weights (Standard: 50 g)
- E.g.  $\bullet$  Carrot  $\rightarrow$  grated
  - Pumpkin → boil until softened, pound into pieces and cool down
  - Spinach → boil, cut into pieces and cool down

# Rice flour and other cereals



- : about 10 ~ 20% of flour weights (Standard: 30 g)
- E.g. Rice flour Oat meal
  - Glutinous rice flour Rye
  - Whole wheat flour
  - Bean powder
  - Sesame

#### Fruit juice



- : not to exceed the quantity of water
- E.g. orange apple
  - Tomato and other 100% fruit juice
  - → Fully cool in a refrigerator in advance

Flour quantity



(Remain the same)

Decrease the weight of cereals

E.g. Rye 30 g (12% of 250 g) Flour 220 g (Remain the same)

Water quantity



Deduct 80% of vegetable weights

E.g. Cooked pumpkins 50 g Water 140 mL (180 mL - 80% of 50 g)

Do not use timer function.

(Remain the same)

Decrease fruit juice amount

E.g. Orange juice 100 mL Water 80 mL (180 mL - 100 mL)

Do not use timer function.

# **Baking basic bread**

#### Add the ingredients





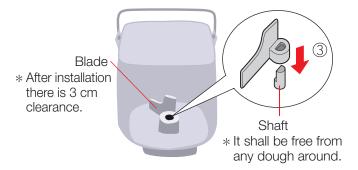


Remove the bread pan and

#### Set the kneading blade



- (1)Rotate the bread pan in the arrow direction.
- (2) Remove from the main body.
- (3)Install the blade.



Bread 186 kcal (1 of the 6 pieces cut)		
High-gluten flour	250 g	
Butter	10 g	
Granulated sugar	2 tbsp (24 g)	
Milk powder	1 tbsp (6 g)	
Salt	1 tsp (5 g)	
Water* 190 mL		
Instant dry yeast 1 tsp (2.8 g)		
* You may reduce about 5 °C cold water by 10 mL when the room temperature is above 25 °C.		

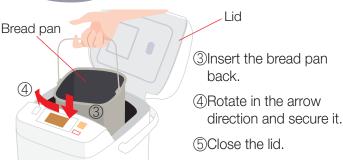
Basic recipes of soft bread and rapid bread

▶ P.23 ~

#### Add the ingredients other than the instant dry yeasts in the bread pan high-gluten flours, water and other ingredients



- 1)Stack up high-gluten flours and other ingredients (except dry yeasts) in the pan.
- 2) Add water along the periphery.



\* The handle of bread pan will stop after push. (To make it convenient for extraction of the bread pan) There is no need to press it down to the bottom.

#### Add instant dry yeast into the yeast dispenser

Dispenser lid Please dry the water if any.

Yeast dispenser If the yeast dispenser becomes wet, please use tissues to dry the water.

\* Static electricity will be generated by wiping and the instant dry yeast will adhere onto the dispenser walls.

#### Setting

# No Menu Start Minute Stop

Timer

#### Take out



4 Se

Raisin

Crust

Menu

#### Select menu "1"





- To select other types of bread dough / dessert
- Menu (P.23~ P.42)
- To add raisin and other ingredients
- Raisin ( P.20 )
- To select crust colour
- Crust ( P.22 )
- Setting timer for completion time
- Timer ( P.22 )

5

#### Press "Start"





- Flash→illuminated
- Approximate time of completion
- Do not open the lid after it is started. The instant dry yeast will spill out.

However, the instant dry yeast have been added during manual addition of ingredients (P.21). Therefore, you may open the lid.

Sounds will be heard while the dry yeast is putting in through the dispenser.

### Turn off the power



- ①Press "Stop"
- ②Pull out the plug.

Take out the bread pan and place it on a towel.

Cool down (about 2 min)

Remember to wear gloves to take out the bread pan.

- \* Pay attention to the rest place of the bread pan. (The bread pan gives out heats)
- \* The bread will cave in and shrink after a while.

# Take out the bread for heat radiation

Gloves (Do not get wet)
Bread pan



Hold the handle and shake it forcefully several times

- \* Do not use a knife, a fork or chopsticks to take it out. (It will scratch the fluorine coating.)
- Make sure blade is in the bread pan after bread is taken out.

The kneading blade may stay inside of the bread (at the bottom). Please take it out.



The blade will be damaged if you cut the bread before the blade is taken out of it.

# **Convenient functions**



#### "Raisin" for making bread that contains your favorite ingredients

You may set it to automatically add your favorite ingredients, E.g. raisins and nuts. Please add bananas, chocolates and other ingredients (P.21) that cannot be automatically added by manually when you hear the beep sound.

Please follow the ratio and amount of ingredients of various recipes. Otherwise, the ingredients may fly out from the bread pan, become cooked by the heater and consequently give out odors or smokes.

# Adding Automatically (completed by the automatic bread maker)

**Preparations** Put your favorite

Put your favorite ingredients into the raisin and nut dispenser

The total weight in the dispenser shall not exceed 100 g



Raisin and nut dispenser

1 Press "Raisin"
Select "Yes" (make it flash)





#### 2 Press "Start"





(Automatic adding of ingredients)

- \* "Kneading" temporarily stopped.
- A small quantity of ingredients will cling to the walls of the raisin and nut dispenser sometimes.
- The fruits with sugar on the surface may not be add because the sugar melt down and stick to the dispenser in case of summer or timed baking.

#### Ingredients that can be automatically added Dry ingredients and ingredients that hardly melt

Dried fruits (Not over 100 g)

Raisin, plum, orange peel, etc



Cut into small pieces less than 5 mm

Nuts (Not over 100 g)

Cashew, walnut and others



Cut into small pieces less than 5 mm

Green bean \* (Not over 30 g)



Wipe away water

Olive \* (Not over 20 g)



Stoneless, cut it into ¼ and wipe away the water.

Ham, bacon and sausage \* (Not over 50 g)



Cut it into pieces of 10 mm wide

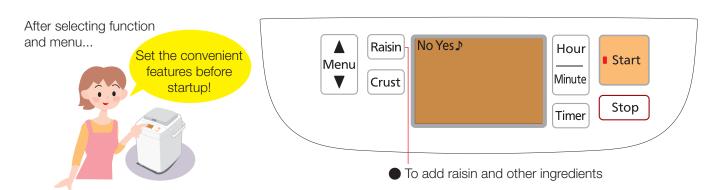
\* Do not add ingredients if the timer function is on. (In particular, deterioration may occur in summer)

# Please pay attention to the following ingredients during adding!

 Addition of hard ingredients may damage the fluorine coatings inside the bread pan.

Please use it carefully.

- \* Accidentally eating the fluorine coating will not harm your health.
- Cereal
- Fruit oatmeal
- Sugar-coated nut
- Maple sugar cube
- Pearl sugar
- Sugar cubes and others



#### Please manually add ingredients that cannot be added automatically

Manually add when you hear beep sounds  $(\Gamma)$ 

1 Press "Raisin" and select "Yes√" (make it flash)



2 Start

Start



 Completion time of bread baking is displayed after ingredients input.

After hearing beep sounds

Open the lid

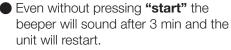


Add ingredients into
the bread pan,
then close the lid

Within 3min

(5) Restart





- Raisin and nut dispenser flap will always remain open.
- The dough won't rise if any fresh fruit that have a rich content of protein-degradation is added.
- Melon
- Kiwi fruit
- Fig
- Mango
- Pineapple
- Papaya Others

Bread pan

Ingredients that can't be automatically added (stuck onto walls of dispenser, hard to be add)

Ingredients that are sticky, easily melt or have a high content of water

Macerated fruits, onions and other chopped vegetables



Cheese, chocolate, etc





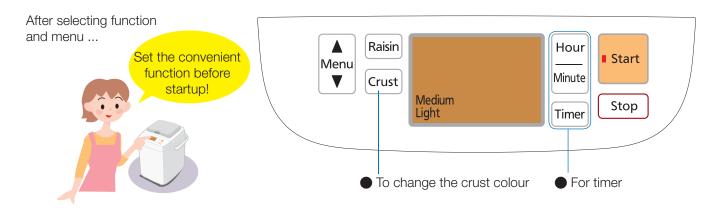
- \* Sesames and other small ingredients ought to be added in the bread pan before beginning (Not over about 20% of flour weights)
- The more ingredient added, the poorer swelling of bread.
- Some ingredients may not keep their original shapes.
- Proper time for adding ingredients when making stuffed breads ...

The time when beep sounds are heard varies with recipe and room temperature.

- Bread: after about 1 h and 5 min ~ 1 h and 35 min
- Soft: after about 1 h and 55 min ~ 2 h and 15 min
- Rapid: after about 30 min ~ 35 min
- Rice: after about 1 h and 5 min ~ 1 h and 35 min
- French: after about 40 min ~ 1 h and 25 min
- Whole wheat: after about 1 h and 35 min  $\sim$  2 h and 50 min
- · Stuffed: 35 min ~ 40 min
- Rice flour: after about 45 min ~ 1 h
- Bread dough: after about 20 min ~ 35 min

# Convenient functions (Crust colour)

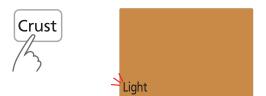




#### Bake your favorite "Crust colour"

You can set the crust colour as "Light" or "Standard".

1 Press "Crust" to select your favorite crust colour



 Available function for crust colour setting (P.12 ~ P.13)

#### Use "Timer" to complete baking on specified time

Use this feature if you want to enjoy freshly-baked bread in the morning.

- 1) Confirm if the current time is correct
- 2) Press "Timer"

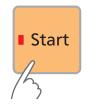




3 Set the time for completion of baking



(4) Start (timer setting completed)





- For "Raisin" and "Crust colour"
  - 1) Set "Raisin" and "Crust colour"
  - ②Set "Timer"
- Standards on timer

Functions of "Bread"

 Bread : after 4 h and 10 min ~ 13 h Soft : after 4 h and 30 min ~ 13 h Rice bread : after 4 h and 10 min ~ 13 h French : after 5 h and 10 min ~ 13 h Whole wheat : after 5 h and 10 min ~ 13 h : after 2 h and 40 min ~ 13 h Rice flour

- \* Timer is not available for some menu.
- \* You cannot set a time that is beyond the timer limit.

[Timer setting examples]

Menu: bread

Current time: 8:30 p.m.

(LCD screen displays 20:30)

Scope of time settings: 0:40 a.m. to 9:30 a.m.

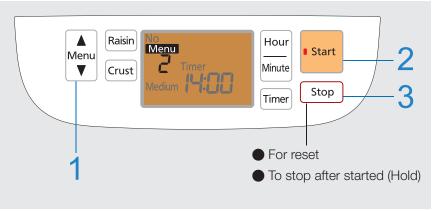
("0:40" ~ "9:30")

\* It is impossible to set the time beyond the range above.

# Rapid bread / Soft bread

Rapid bread: about 2 h Soft bread: about 4 h and 20 min





- **Preparations** (1) Install blade in the bread pan.
- (P.18)
- 2 Add in flour, water and other ingredients (except instant dry yeast).
- 3 Put the bread pan into the main body and place instant dry yeast in the yeast dispenser.

#### Ingredients

Rapid bread 205 kcal (1 of the 6 pieces cut)		
High-gluten flour	280 g	
Butter	10 g	
Granulated sugar	2 tbsp (24 g)	
Milk powder	1 tbsp (6 g)	
Salt	1 tsp (5 g)	
Cold water (5 °C )*	210 mL	
Instant dry yeast	1½ tsp (4.2 g)	
* Roduce by 10 ml, wh	on the room temperature	

\* Reduce by 10 mL when the room temperature is above 25 °C.

<b>Soft bread</b> 192 kcal (1 of the 6 pieces cut)	
High-gluten flour	250 g
Butter	15 g
Granulated sugar	2 tbsp (24 g)
Milk powder	1 tbsp (6 g)
Salt	1 tsp (5 g)
Water*	190 mL
Instant dry yeast	1 tsp (2.8 g)

\* You may reduce about 5 °C cold water by 10 mL when the room temperature is above 25 °C.



#### Select Rapid bread: "2" Soft bread: "3"







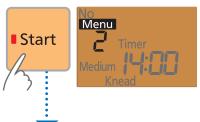
(P.20)

- To add raisins and other ingredients
- To select crust colour Crust (P.22)
- Setting timer for completion time (Only for soft bread)



Raisin

# **Start**



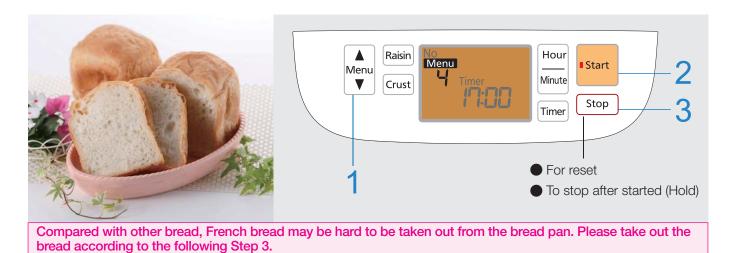


Press "Stop" when you hear the beep sound. Take out the bread pan and cool it down for about 2 min. Then

take out the bread

# French bread

Time required: about 5 h



- **Preparations** 1 Install blade in the bread pan.
- 2) Add in flour, water and other ingredients (except instant dry yeast).
- 3 Put the bread pan into the main body and place instant dry yeast in the yeast dispenser.

#### Ingredients

French bread 153 kcal (1 of the 6 pieces cut)		
High-gluten flour	225 g	
Low-gluten flour	25 g	
Salt	1 tsp (5 g)	
Cold water (5 °C )*	190 mL	
Instant dry yeast	½ tsp (1.4 g)	
* Reduce by 10 mL when the room temperature is above 25 °C.		

 Bread has a relatively poor quality when the room temperature is above 30 °C.

# Select menu "4" Menu Menu

- To add raisins and other ingredients
- Setting timer for completion time



Raisin (P.20)



#### Start







Press "Stop" when you hear the beep sound. Take out the bread pan and cool it down for about 2 min. Then

#### take out the bread

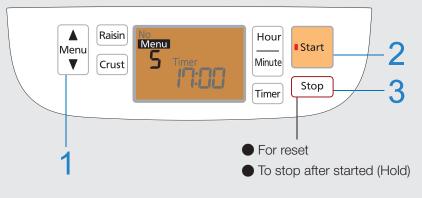
■ Take out the French bread. Tap the bread pan on a towel. (See the figure on the right)



# Whole wheat bread

Time required: about 5 h





#### **Preparations** ① Install blade in the bread pan.

(P.18)

- 2 Add in flour, water and other ingredients (except instant dry yeast).
- ③ Put the bread pan into the main body and place instant dry yeast in the yeast dispenser.

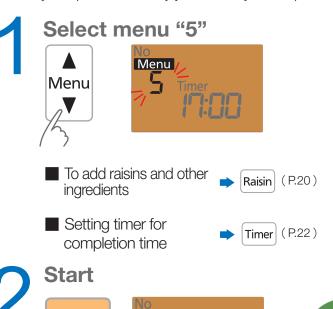
Start

#### Ingredients

#### Whole wheat bread (whole wheat flour 30%) 181 kcal (1 of the 6 pieces cut) Whole wheat flour 75 g (for breads) \*1 175 g High-gluten flour Butter 10 g Granulated sugar 2 tbsp (24 g) Milk powder 1 tbsp (6 g) Salt 1 tsp (5 g) Cold Water (5 °C )\*2 190 mL Instant dry yeast 1 tsp (2.8 g)

- \*1 Do not use the whole wheat flour which is exclusive for making dim sum bread (low-gluten flour).
- \*2 Reduce by 10 mL when the room temperature is above 25  $^{\circ}$ C.
- Bread has a relatively poor quality when the room temperature is above 30 °C.
- Ratio of whole wheat flour is 30% ~ 100% of total flour quantity.

  (Bran accounts for about 30% ~ 40%)
  - → Please use the menu "1" (Bread) feature if it is less than 30%.
- $\ast\,$  The higher the ratio of whole wheat flour, the lower the bread will rise.
- \* Bread shape and swelling degree vary according to the types of whole wheat flour.



Press "Stop" when you hear the beep sound. Take out the bread pan and cool it down for about 2 min. Then take out the bread

Menu

# Rice bread





#### **Preparations** ① Install blade in the bread pan.

(P.18)

- 2) Add in flour, water and other ingredients (except instant dry yeast).
- ③ Put the bread pan into the main body and place instant dry yeast in the yeast dispenser.

#### Ingredients

**Rice bread** 207 kcal (1 of the 6 pieces cut) (When rice is 120 g in weight)

,	<b>o</b> ,
High-gluten flour	230 g
Cooled rice	100 ~ 120 g
Butter	10 g
Granulated sugar	2 tbsp (24 g)
Milk powder	1 tbsp (6 g)
Salt	1 tsp (5 g)
Water*	160 mL
Instant dry yeast	34 tsp (2.1 g)

- \* Reduce about 5  $^{\circ}\text{C}$  cold water by 10 mL when the room temperature is above 25  $^{\circ}\text{C}$  .
- You may also use brown rice or saffron rice to substitute rice.
- The height and taste of bread may vary depending on rice quantity.
- The more the rice is, the softer the baked bread will be
- The rice shall be cooled down in the refrigerator when the room temperature is over 30 °C.
- Keep flours in a refrigerator for cooling when room temperature is above 30 °C.
- You may use timer function. But do not use cooked rice that has been stored (or defrosted) for more than one day.
- Rice would keep its original state at time.

#### Select menu "6"





- To add raisins and other ingredients
- To select crust colour → Crust (P.22)
- Setting timer for completion time
- **→** Timer ( P.22 )

Raisin (P.20)

Start







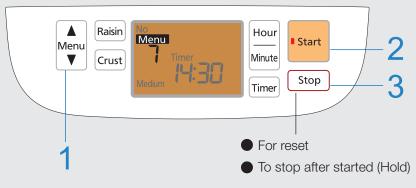
Press "Stop" when you hear the beep sound. Take out the bread pan and cool it for about 2 min. Then take out the bread

Rice bread has a high content of water and may deteriorate easily.
 Please eat it as soon as possible.
 (Summer: on the same day Winter: within two days)

# Rice flour bread

Time required: about 2 h and 30 min





- **Preparations** 1 Install blade in the bread pan.
- (P.18)
- ② Add in flour, water and other ingredients (except instant dry yeast).
- 3 Put the bread pan into the main body and place instant dry yeast in the yeast dispenser.

#### Ingredients

Rice flour bread		
199 kcal (1 of the 6 pieces cut)		
Rice flour	50 g	
High-gluten flour	200 g	
Butter	20 g	
Granulated sugar	2 tbsp (24 g)	
Milk powder	1 tbsp (6 g)	
Salt	1 tsp (5 g)	
water * 190 mL		
Instant dry yeast 1½ tsp (4.2 g)		
*Use cold water at a temperature of about 5 °C. When the room temperature is over 25 °C.		

- Using timer would deteriorate the bread quality when the room temperature is over 25 °C. (P.51)
- Be sure to store flour and other ingredients in the refrigerator when the room temperature is over 30 °C.

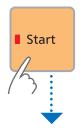
#### Select menu "7"





- To add raisins and other ingredients
- ■To select crust colour
- Setting timer for completion time
- Raisin (P.20)
- Crust ( P.22 )
- (P.22) Timer

#### Start







Press "Stop" when you hear beep sound. Take out the bread pan and cool it for about 2 min. Then

take out the bread

# Stuffed bread

Time required: about 2 h and 15 min.





#### **Preparations** (1) Install blade in the bread pan.

(P.18)

2 Add in flour, water and other ingredients (except instant dry yeast).

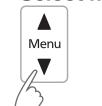
3 Put the bread pan into the main body and place instant dry yeast in the yeast dispenser.

#### Ingredients

Stuffed bread 1162 kcal (Without stuffing)		
200 g		
35 g		
2 tbsp (24 g)		
1 tbsp (6 g)		
34 tsp (3.8 g)		
Half of M size (25 g)		
100 mL		
11/4 tsp (3.5 g)		
12 pieces (15 g/piece)		

- Select your favorite ingredients. (Liquid is not allowed!) Curry (cook till the sauce becomes thick), meat ball, potato salad, sausage, tuna (with water fully trickled) and cheese (cut into small pieces) and many more.
- Be sure to observe the foregoing amount. Excessive amount may cause the bread to spill out of the bread pan, overcooked, smelly or cause smoking.
- If "Stop" is accidentally pressed in Step 3, press "Start" within 10 min to recover it. (Only for once; Invalid if any other button is pressed)
- Beep sound will be heard and it will restarted 15 min later in Step 3 even if the operation is not yet completed.
- Add different ingredients to make bread of different flavors at Step 3 (15 min).
  - ▶ P.30

#### ✓ Select menu "8"



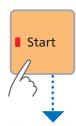


■ To add raisins and other ingredients.

Raisin (P.

(P.20)

Start







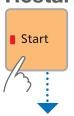
for the baking

When you hear beep sounds, open the lid, take out the dough from the bread pan and remove the blade.

- (1) Cut the dough into 12 equal portions.
- ② Fill each portion of dough with stuffing.

  (Note: Expand the dough gently to avoid affecting the taste due to damage of gluten organization.)
- ② Put all portions of dough into the bread pan.
   (Either of the following ways is acceptable.)
   a. 3 layers, 4 portions of dough per layer
   b. 2 layers, 6 portions of dough per layer
- Do not press **"Stop"** when is flashing.

Close the lid **Restart** 





When you hear any beep sound, press "Stop" and take out the bread.

After the bread pan is cooled down for about 2 min,

#### take out the bread

\* The bread will be deformed upon over exertion.

# Various flavored bread

Calory standard for 1 loaf



Italian bread Menu "4"	1170 kcal
High-gluten flour	225 g
Low-gluten flour	25 g
Salt	1 tsp (5 g)
Olive oil	2 tablespoon (24 g)
Cold water (5 °C) *	170 mL
Instant dry yeast	½ tsp (1.4 g)

\* Reduce by 10 mL when the room temperature is above 25 °C.

You may add 20 g red peppers (or dried tomatoes) chopped into small pieces of 5 mm and 20 g olives (or 1 teaspoon of dried basil leaves) if you prefer.

Use → "Raisin" function (P.20)



Small	dried	fish	and	kelp	rice	bread

Menu	<b>"7"</b> 1236 kcal
High-gluten flour	200 g
Rice flour	50 g
Butter	20 g
* Small dried fish (stir-fried without oil)	20 g
Granulated sugar	2 tbsp (24 g)
Skim milk powder	1 tbsp (6 g)
Salt	1 tsp (5 g)
Water**	200 mL
Instant dry yeast	1½ tsp (4.2 g)
<ul> <li>Dried kelp (dried through wringing after water soaking)</li> </ul>	4 g (dry weight)

We use cold water at a temperature of about 5 °C. When the room temperature is over 25 °C.

\* Use "Raisin" feature → Manual feeding (P.21)



French countryside bread Menu	<b>1 "4"</b> 900 kcal
High-gluten flour	200 g
Whole wheat flour	50 g
Salt	1 tsp (5 g)
Cold water (5 °C) *	190 mL
Instant dry yeast	½ tsp (1.4 g)

\* Reduce by 10 mL when the room temperature is above 25 °C.



#### Orange flavor rice flour bread

	Menu "7"	1230 kcal
High-gluten flour	200 g	g
Rice flour	50 g	
* Orange sauces	20 g	
Butter	20 g	
Granulated sugar	2 tbs	sp (24 g)
Skim milk powder	1 tbs	sp (6 g)
Salt	1 tsp	(5 g)
Water <sup>፠</sup>	170 ו	mL
Instant dry yeast	1½ ts	sp (4.2 g)
\•/		_

W Use cold water at a temperature of about 5 °C.
When the room temperature is over 25 °C.

\* Put it in the bread pan at the very beginning.

# Various flavored bread

	Calorie	standard	for 1	loaf
--	---------	----------	-------	------

Olive bread	Menu "1" or Menu "3"	1143 kcal
High-gluten flour	250 g	
Butter	10 g (15 g for soft	t bread)
Granulated sugar	2 tbsp (24 g)	
Milk powder	1 tbsp (6 g)	
Salt	1 tsp (5 g)	
Dried vanilla	Small quantity	
Water*	180 mL	
Instant dry yeast	1 tsp (2.8 g)	
* Green olive	20 g	

<sup>\*</sup> Reduce by 10 mL when the room temperature is above 25 °C. (Cold water at a temperature of 5 °C)

<sup>\*</sup>Use "Raisin" feature (P.20)

Sunflower seed honey bread		
Menu "1" or Menu "3"	1336 kcal	
High-gluten flour	250 g	
Butter	15 g	
Granulated sugar	2 tbsp (24 g)	
Milk powder	1 tbsp (6 g)	
Salt	1 tsp (5 g)	
Honey	1 tablespoon (21 g)	
Water*	180 mL	
Instant dry yeast	1 tsp (2.8 g)	
★Sunflower seed	20 g	

 $<sup>\</sup>ast$  Reduce by 10 mL when the room temperature is above 25 °C. (Cold water at a temperature of 5 °C)

<sup>\*</sup> Use "Raisin" feature (P.20)

Fruit juice bread Menu "2	" 1332 kcal
High-gluten flour	250 g
Butter	25 g
Granulated sugar	1 tbsp (12 g)
Milk powder	2 tbsp (12 g)
Salt	3/4 tsp (3.8 g)
Egg (evenly mixed)	50 g
100% tomato fruit juice * (stored in a refrigerator)	120 mL
Instant dry yeast	1½ tsp (4.2 g)
*Assorted vegetables  (Dry it through trickling and cool down to room temperature	70 g
ok Poduce by 10 ml when the reem t	comporatura ia abaya 25 °C

 $<sup>\</sup>ast$  Reduce by 10 mL when the room temperature is above 25 °C.

<sup>\*</sup> Use "Raisin" feature (P.20)

Red bean rice bread M	<b>enu "6"</b> 1246 kcal
High-gluten flour	230 g
Red bean rice (cooled)	100 g
Ghee	10 g
Granulated sugar	2 tbsp (24 g)
Salt	1 tsp (5 g)
Black sesame	5 g
Water *	160 mL
Instant dry yeast	34 tsp (2.1 g)
* Reduce by 10 mL when the room temperature is above 25 °C,	

Curry rice bread	<b>Menu "6"</b> 1370 kcal			
High-gluten flour	210 g			
Cooled rice	100 g			
Butter	20 g			
Granulated sugar	2 tbsp (24 g)			
Milk powder	1 tbsp (6 g)			
Common salt	1 tsp (5 g)			
Curry powder	5 g			
Refined cheese (cut into sma	all pieces) 30 g			
Black pepper powder	½ teaspoon (3 g)			
Water*	110 mL			
Instant dry yeast	<sup>3</sup> / <sub>4</sub> tsp (2.1 g)			
*Potato (cut into small pieces; boiled to a mo	oderate degree) 20 g			
Carrot     (cut into small pieces; boiled to a mo	oderate degree) 20 g			
*Bacon	20 g			
$\ast$ Reduce by 10 mL when the room temperature is above 25 °C.				

<sup>\*</sup>Use "Raisin" feature (P.20)

Salted seaweed bread				
Menu "6"	crust colour (Light)	1241 kcal		
High-gluten flour	230 g			
Cooled rice	100 g			
Ghee	10 g			
Granulated sugar	2 tbsp (24	g)		
Salt	1 tsp (5 g)			
White sesame	5 g			
Water *	160 mL			
Instant dry yeast	<sup>3</sup> / <sub>4</sub> tsp(2.1	g)		
*Salted seaweed	10 g			
1. Darkers land on the standard section in the standard sectin in the standard section in the standard section in the standard				

<sup>\*</sup> Reduce by 10 mL when the room temperature is above 25 °C.

<sup>\*</sup> Use "Raisin" feature (P.20)

Panettone				
Menu "2"	1420 kcal			
High-gluten flour	250 g			
Butter	25 g			
Granulated sugar	1 tbsp (12 g)			
Milk powder	2 tbsp (12 g)			
Salt	1 tsp (5 g)			
Eggs (evenly mixed)	One of M size (50 g)			
Cold water (5 °C)	130 mL			
Instant dry yeast	1¾ tsp (4.9 g)			
* Your favorite dried fruits	60 g			
*Reduce by 10 mL when the room temperature is above 25 °C. (Cold water at a temperature of 5 °C)				

<sup>\*</sup> Use "Raisin" feature (P.20)



Ingredients		1493 kcal
	High-gluten flour	200 g
	Butter	15 g
	Granulated sugar	3 tbsp (36 g)
Α	Milk powder	1 tbsp (6 g)
	Salt	34 tsp (3.8 g)
	Egg (evenly mixed)	Half of M size (25 g)
	-Cold water (5 °C)	110 mL
Instant dry yeast		11/4 tsp (3.5 g)
Ingredients		
Dried fruits (pickled with rums)		100 g
Milk		1 teaspoon (5 mL)
Cinnamon sugar		An appropriate quantity
For icing		
B Granulated sugar		25 g
_ Water		½ tsp (3 g)

### If the dough is sticky and it is hard to roll it flat,

Sprinkle some high-gluten flours on hands and the rolling pole to make it easier for dough rolling.



#### **Cinnamon brioche**

#### Select menu "8" to make bread dough

- ① Put A into the blade-installed bread pan and install the bread pan into the main body.
- ② Feed instant dry yeast into the yeast dispenser, select menu "8" and press [start] (start).

#### Take out the dough.

- ③ When you hear beep sounds, open the lid and take out the dough from the bread pan.
  - Do not press "Stop"

#### Rolling flat

4 Roll the dough into a size of 15 cm x 25 cm (W x L).

#### **Forming**

- (5) Coat milk on 3/4 of dough near to you and sprinkle cinnamon sugar and dried fruits on it.
- 6 Start rolling from the side close to you.
- Cut it into four even pieces and place them in the bread pan.





completed within 15 min!

- Start baking (press start (Start) again).
  - Making icing
    - ® Place B in a bowl and mix them on another bowl with 60 °C hot water inside.

#### Final processing

① Upon completion of baking, take the bread out from the bread pan and coat the bread with the icing.

#### To make various flavored bread on menu "8".

The total weight of the bread dough and the ingredients shall not exceed 600  $\rm g!$ 

\* The dough may not rise or the baking may not be sufficient if there are too many ingredients.

Avoid using ingredients with a high content of water!

(Dry the boiled ingredients through trickling and cool them down to room temperature.)

\* Otherwise, the dough fermentation may be affected.

Prepare the ingredients in advance!

\* The operation time is 15 min.

# Various flavored bread



Ingredients 1268 kcal		
	– High-gluten flour	200 g
	Butter	15 g
	Powder sugar	2 tbsp (24 g)
Α	Milk powder	1 tbsp (6 g)
	Salt	34 tsp (3.8 g)
	Green tea	1 teaspoon (2 g)
	Egg (evenly mixed)	Half of M size (25 g)
	Cold water (5 °C)	110 mL
In	stant dry yeast	11/4 tsp (3.5 g)
Contents		
Bl	ack beans boiled with sugar	120 g



<b>Ingredients</b> 293 kcal (1 of the 6 pieces cut)	
High-gluten flour	150 g
Butter	15 g
Granulated sugar	2 tbsp (24 g)
Milk powder	1 tbsp (6 g)
Salt	½ tsp (2.5 g)
Cold water (5 °C)	100 mL
Instant dry yeast	<sup>3</sup> / <sub>4</sub> tsp (2.1 g)

Cookie dough (crust of pineapple bread)		
Butter	50 g	
Granulated sugar	40 g	
Egg (evenly mixed)	Half of M size (25 g)	
Low-gluten flour	100 g	
Baking powder	1 tsp (3 g)	
Vanilla essence	Small quantity	
Granulated sugar (for final processing)	2~3 teaspoons	

#### Matcha black bean roll

#### Select menu "8" to make bread dough

- ① Put A into the blade-installed bread pan and install it into the main body.
- ② Add instant dry yeast into the yeast dispenser, select menu "8" Press start (start).

#### Take out the dough.

- ③ When you hear beep sounds, open the lid, take out the dough from the bread pan and remove the blade.
  - Do not press "Stop"

#### **Dough rolling**

(4) Roll the dough into a slender shape that is slightly narrower than the bread pan.

#### Add the contents and form the bread.

- ⑤ Sprinkle evenly the black beans with water fully trickled.
- 6 Start rolling from the side close to you.
- The Put it in the bread pan.

### Baking (Press start

Substitute green tea
with coco powder. Add chocolate
cubes and almond slices to make
the chocolate almond bread rolls
that are kids' favorites.



### Pineapple bread

Put cookie dough in the refrigerator after it is made. (P.32 ①~⑥)

- 1) Install blade in the bread pan.
- Add in flour, water and other ingredients (except instant dry yeast).
- 3 Add instant dry yeast into the yeast dispenser, select menu "8" Press [ISTART] (start).
- Roll the cookie dough flat when only 10 min of process work are left. (P.32 ⑦~8)

Open the lid when you hear the beep sound.

#### Add the cookie dough.



- ① Place the bread dough in the middle of the bread pan
- ② Place the cookie dough on the bread dough with the egg-coated side facing downward.
- ③ Slightly press the sides of the dough (do not press hard)
- 4 Sprinkle granulated sugar from above.

#### **Baking**

(Press start (start) again)

#### Method of cookie dough making

#### **Making Dough**

- ① Mix low-gluten flour and baking powder and shift them together.
- ② Use a wooden spatula to mix the butter at room temperature till they become creamy.
- ③ Add granulated sugar by small quantity in 2 ~ 3 times. Mix the butter after each addition till the butter become whitish and smooth.



- Add eggs by small quantities in 3 ~ 4 times. Fully mix after each addition. Finally, add the vanilla essences.
   \* Reserve 1/2 teaspoon of egg liquids.
- Add the powder mix in Stepand evenly mix themtill the granules of powderdisappear.



⑥ Make the dough a round shape, cover with plastic wrap and put it in the refrigerator for over 20 min.



#### **Rolling flat**

Use a rolling pole to roll the dough into a flat circle with a diameter of 14 ~ 15 cm.
 Cover the dough with a plastic wrap for the convenience of rolling.



® Coat one side of the dough with the reserved egg liquids (1/2 teaspoon).

#### Tips for making stuffed bread!

 You may also cut patterns on the surface of the cookie dough.

Use a bamboo stick to cut patterns in a depth of not over 1 mm.

The cookie dough may crack and break down if the patterns are cut too deep.

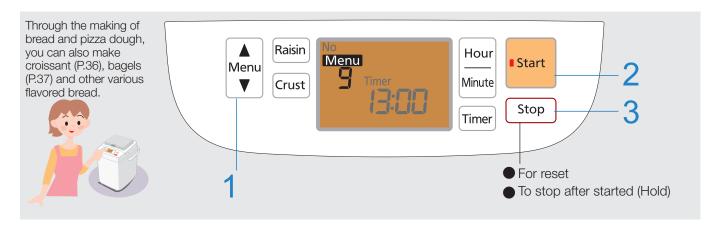
 Do not put in the cookie dough before it is flexible and bendable enough.

That helps to make good-looking stuffed breads.



# Making bread dough / pizza dough

Time required: Bread dough about 1h Pizza dough about 45 min



- **Preparations** ① Install blade in the bread pan.
- (P.18)
- Add in flour, water and other ingredients (except dry yeast).
- 3 Put the bread pan into the main body and place dry yeast in the yeast dispenser.

#### Ingredients

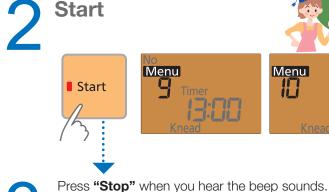
Bread dough				
High-gluten flour	280 g			
Butter	50 g			
Granulated sugar	3 tbsp (36 g)			
Milk powder	2 tbsp (12 g)			
Salt	1 tsp (5 g)			
Egg	Half of M size (25 g)			
Water*	160 mL			
Instant dry yeast	1 tsp (2.8 g)			
*Use cold water at a temperature of about 5 °C. When the room temperature is over 25 °C.				

Pizza dough		
High-	gluten flour	280 g
Butter	,	15 g
Granu	ılated sugar	1 tsp (12 g)
Milk p	owder	1 tbsp (6 g)
Salt		1 tsp (5 g)
Water	*	190 mL
Instan	it dry yeast	1 tsp (2.8 g)
*Use cold water at a temperature of about 5 °C. When the room temperature is over 25 °C.		

Select bread dough: "9" Select pizza dough: "10"



lease see P.12 for the baking



#### Take out the dough right away.

- \* If you keep it left in the bread pan, fermentation will proceed further.
- \* Changing the ratio of dough ingredients may slow down the fermentation process. (P.47)

# Various flavored bread (Use bread dough)

#### Tools used for bread-making with dough











Dough rolling board Scale (Unit: 1 g)

Scraper

Rolling pole

Small towel (Soaked and wrung dry)



Cooking paper





Brush



Oven

Tools that may be used for making bread

- Kitchen scissors
- Bread mold
- Plastic wrap
- Thermometer and others



#### **Ingredients** 135 kcal (for 1 piece) (12 pieces) Bread dough (P.34) Quantity at a time Egg (evenly mixed)

#### Rolls

#### **Forming**

- 1 Use the scraper to divide the dough into 12 even pieces with 45 g each, shape them into balls, cover them with the small towel and place them still for about 15 min.
- 2 Shape them into ovals, cover them with the small towel and place them still for about 10 ~15 min.
- 3 Press slightly with hands and use the rolling pole to roll the dough thin.
- (4) Catch one end of the dough, stretch it towards your body and roll it up tightly. The dough may rise horizontally upon \ fermentation if it is not rolled up tightly

#### Fermentation

- (5) Place them on the table with the closure facing downwards. Spray water on it.
- 6 Allow the dough to ferment for 40 ~ 60 min (till it rises to double its original size) at a temperature of 30 ~ 35 °C and then apply egg liquids.



Bake them in an oven that is preheated to a temperature of 170 ~ 200 °C for about 15 min.













#### Stuffed bread with sweetened bean paste

- (1) (Following Step (1) of making rolls) roll the dough into a round plate with a diameter of 10 cm.
- ② Wrap sweetened bean pastes with the dough made from Step ①, shape it into balls and press the middle so that it caves in.
- ③ Properly arrange the ②, sprinkle water on it and allow it to ferment for 20 ~ 30 min (till it rises to double its original size) at a temperature of 30 ~ 35 °C.
- Apply egg liquids, sprinkle poppy seeds and bake them in an oven that is preheated to a temperature of 170 ~ 190 °C for about 15 min.

# Various flavored bread (Use bread dough)



Ingredients (for 12 pieces)

Bread dough 204 kcal (for 1 piece)		
_ High-gluten flou	ır 225 g	
Low-gluten flou	r 55 g	
Butter	15 g	
Granulated sug	ar 3 tbsp (36 g)	
* Milk powder	1 tbsp (6 g)	
1 Salt	1 tsp (5 g)	
Egg liquid (evenly-mixed)	25 g	
Water	140 mL	
Instant dry yeas	st 1 tsp (2.8 g)	
Butter (Cut into piece that are 1cm thick)	<sup>98</sup> 140 g	
Egg(evenly-mixed)	25 g	

\* 1 Make according to the steps in P.34.

#### **Croissant**

#### Add in butter

- 1) Put the dough in a bowl, cover it with a plastic wrap and place it in a refrigerator for 30 ~ 60 min.
  - Prolong the refrigeration time when the room temperature is high
- 2 Apply flour on butter, place them on the plastic wrap, roll them into a 20 x 20 cm square shape and keep them in a refrigerator for 15 ~ 30 min.
- 3 Use a rolling pole to strike and press the dough and roll it into a 30 x 30 cm square shape.
- 4 Wrap the butter of Step 2 with the dough cake, cover it with the plastic wrap and keep it in a refrigerator for 10 ~ 20 min.
- (5) Strike and press it with the rolling pole till the dough is thinner and roll it flat.
- 6 Fold up the dough three times, cover it with a plastic wrap and keep it in a refrigerator for 10 ~ 20 min.
- (7) Repeat steps (5) and (6) twice and keep it in a refrigerator for 30 ~ 60 min.

#### **Forming**

- (8) Divide the dough into two even pieces and roll them into a 18 x 40 cm rectangular shape. (8) Divide them into 6 isoscele triangles.
- (9) Hold one end of the dough and roll it up.
- (10) Face the closure downwards.

#### **Fermentation**

(11) Sprinkle water on it and cover it with a plastic wrap. Allow it to ferment for 40 ~ 60 min (till it rises to double its original size) at the room temperature and apply egg liquids.

#### Baking

12) Bake it in an oven that is preheated to a temperature of 200 ~ 220 °C for about 10 min. Keep the remaining dough in a refrigerator to avoid excessive fermentation.



















#### Doughnut

- ${f \bigcirc}$  Divide the dough into small pieces that are 35 g each. Cover them with a small towel and place them still for 10 ~ 20 min.
- ② Roll them into thin round and press the dough with the doughnut mold.
- $\odot$  Allow the dough to ferment for 20  $\sim$  30 min (till it rises to double its original size) at a temperature of 30  $\sim$  35  $^{\circ}$ C.
- (4) Deep-fry them at an oil temperature of 170°C and spill cinnamon and refined white sugar on them finally.



Ingredients (for 8 pieces) 156 kcal Bread dough (for 1 piece)

⊢High-gluten flour		280 g	
Α	Granulated sugar	3 tbsp (36 g)	
	- Salt	1 tsp (5 g)	
Vegetable oil		2 teaspoon	
Water		180 mL	
Instant dry yeast		1 tsp (2.8 g)	



Bagels are directly edible.
But it would be more
delicious to cut the bagel
into half and add in fresh
vegetables, hams, cheeses
and jam.

## **Bagel**

#### Making bread dough

- ① Place A → Vegetable oil → water into the bread pan that is installed with a blade in sequence and add dry yeast into the yeast dispenser.
- ② Make the dough according to the steps specified in "Making bread dough" (P.34).

#### Forming

- ③ Divide the dough into 8 small pieces that are 60 g each. Knead them into balls, cover them with a small towel and place them still for 10 min.
- ④ Press the middle of the dough with one finger and rotate the dough till the hole becomes bigger and form the shape of a bagel.

#### Fermentation

(5) Place them onto a cooking paper sprinkled with flour and allow the dough to ferment for about 40 min (till it rises to double its original size) at a temperature of 30 ~ 35 °C.



#### Water boiling

6 Boil them in boiling water on both sides for 30 seconds each and fully trickle the water.



7 Put it on a baking pan covered with a cooking paper and bake it in an oven preheated to a temperature of 170 ~ 190 °C for 15 ~ 20 min.



# Making pizza



**Ingredients** 1127 kcal (for 1 pizza) (for 2 pizzas in a diameter of 25 cm each)

Pizza dough (P.34)	Quantity at one time	
Pizza seasoning	4 tbsp (72 g)	
Pizza cheeses	200 g	
Ingredients (E.g.)		
Conion (thin slices)	1 small	
Sausage (thin slices)	10 pieces	
Bacon	2 pieces	
Mushroom (thin slices)	6 pieces	
Green pepper (thin slices)	2 pieces	

### **Pizza**

### Forming

- ① User the scraper to divide the dough into 2 pieces and shape them into balls.

  (Divide it into 3 pieces for thin pizza dough)
- ② Cover them with towel and place it still for 10 ~ 20 min.
- ③ Put it on the cooking paper and roll it into a round plate with a diameter of 25 cm.
- 4 Make holes on the dough with a fork.





#### Put ingredients

⑤ Apply pizza sauces, add ingredients and cheeses for pizza.

#### Baking

Keep the remaining dough in a refrigerator to avoid excessive fermentation.

# Making dumpling skin

Time required: about 15 min

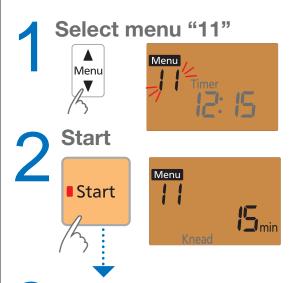


#### **Preparations**

- ① Install the blade into the bread pan.
- 2 Add ingredients into the bread pan.
- 3 Put the bread pan into the main unit.

#### Ingredients

Powder for dumpling	280 g		
Warm water (about 35 °C)	150 mL		
or			
High-gluten flour	140 g		
Low-gluten flour	140 g		
Warm water (about 35 °C)	170 ml		



Press "Stop" when you hear beep sounds.

Take out the dough right away



#### Ingredients

54kcal (for 1 dumpling) (for 30 ~ 40 pieces)

Peanut oil	1 tbsp (15 g)
Star aniseed	5 g
Leeks	125 g
Streaky pork	250 g
Salt	2 g
Gourner powder	2 g
Spice powder	6 g
Soy sauce	1 tbsp (18 g)

You can adjust the recipe based on your preference

# **Dumpling**

#### Making dumpling stuffing

Try star aniseeds with peanut oil. Allow the peanut oil to cool down and mix them with leeks (to prevent water from coming out from leeks). Then evenly mix them with streaky pork and seasonings.

#### Rolling dough

- ② Take out the dough, shape it into long strips with a diameter of 3 cm and cut into 2 cm-wide small pieces. Use the rolling pole to roll the dough into a round plate with a diameter of about 8 cm.

#### Making dumpling

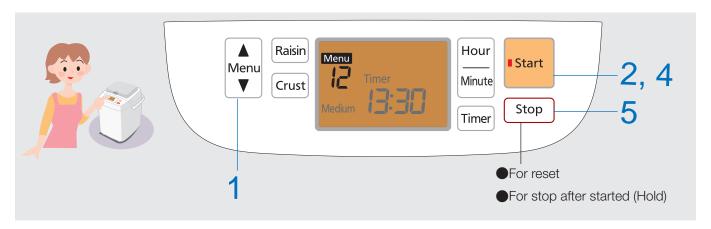
- ③ Fill stuffing into the skin to make a dumpling.
- $\ensuremath{\,\boldsymbol{\ast}\,}$  You may make dumpling into a crescent or a triangle shape as you prefer.

#### Boiling dumpling

Boil half pot of water, pour the dumplings into the hot water. Wait till
 the water boils again before adding half bowl of cold water into the
 pot. Repeat this procedure 3 times. (This can improve the tenacity and
 elasticity of dumpling skins)

for the baking procedure.

# **Baking cake**



#### Preparations 1 Install blade in the bread pan.

- ② Add butter, granulated sugar, milk and eggs into the bread pan in sequence.
- 3 Add in the sieved A.

#### Ingredients

Cake	2288 kcal (for 1 time)		
Unsalted butter *	140 g		
Granulated sugar	100 g		
Milk	1 tbsp (15 mL)		
Egg (evenly mixed)	2 M size (100 g)		
A Low-gluten flour	180 g		
LBaking powder	7 g		
*Cool down to room temperature and cut it into small pieces of 1 cm.			

■ You may add your favorite ingredients and stuffing!

( Solid ingredients must be added during ) cleaning of the residual flour









Coco powder (15 g) Chocolate cube (50 g)

Black tea Walnut (Earl Grey tea) (40 g) (4 g)

- ■If "Stop" is erroneously pressed at Step 3
  Press "Start" to recover within 10 min.
  (Only for once; Invalid if any other key is pressed)
- ■15 min after Step 3 is started.

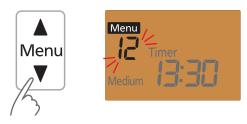
  Beep sounds are heard and kneading is started automatically.

(The baked cake will become polluted on the surface if the remaining flour are not cleared.)

●The finished cake is similar to butter cake.

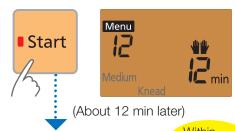
(But not totally the same as the sponge) cake available in the market.





To select crust colour → Crust (P.22)

Start



Beep sounds are heard.

ds are heard. Within 15 min

Open the lid and

#### eliminate the remaining powder.

- Use a rubber spatula to clean the residual flour around. (Using metal spatula and tools will damage the fluorine) coatings.
- ●Do not press "Stop"

Close the lid and **Restart.** 





Press **"Stop"** when you hear beep sounds.

### Take out the cake

- If baking is not complete, perform "Additional baking". (P.40)
- ■The cake may become deformed upon overexertion.

# **Baking cake**

Time required: 1h and 30 min

Calory standard for 1 time



#### "Additional baking" in case of insufficient baking

Additional baking is allowed for twice after baking is finished.

\* Start (additional baking) within 15 min after baking is finished Baking can't be continued if the temperature of inner part of the bread maker has dropped.

### 1)Select menu "12"





### 2 Set baking time





Can be set from 1 ~ 20 min

### (3)Start





■To discontinue → Hold "Stop" baking

■ You can perform "additional baking" as following \* Without pressing "Stop" at step 5 (P.39)

1) Press [minute] to set baking time

2 Press start to start



Lemon cake	2095 kcal
Unsalted butter (cut into small pieces of 1cm)	110 g
Granulated sugar	100 g
Milk	1 tablespoon (15 mL)
Egg (evenly mixed)	100 g
Rum (or Brandy)	1 tablespoon
A Low-gluten flour	180 g
LBaking powder	7 g
* Lemon peel (grated)	For 1 piece

\*To add in during the residual flour is cleared.

Chocolate cake 2384 kcal			
Unsalted butter (cut into small pieces of 1 cm)		100 g	
Granulated sugar		100 g	
Egg (evenly mixed)		100 g	
	-Coco powder	2½ tablespoon (15 g)	
Α	Low-gluten flour	180 g	
	Baking powder	7 g	
* Chocolate cube		50 g	
* Citrus peel (cut into small pieces 5 mm ~ 1 cm)		40 g	

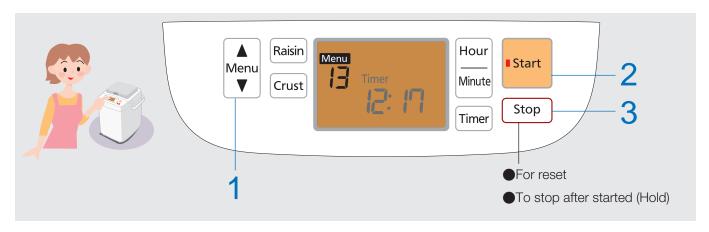
\*To add in during the residual four is cleared.

Pumpkin cake	1960 kcal	
Unsalted butter (cut into small pieces of 1 cm)	100 g	
Granulated sugar	80 g	
Milk	2 tablespoon (30 mL)	
Egg (evenly mixed)	100 g	
Pumpkin (cut into small pieces of 2 cm and make it softer)	50 g	
A _Low-gluten flour	180 g	
Baking powder	7 g	

Green tea red beans ca	<b>ike</b> 2056 kcal	
Saltless butter (cut into small pieces of 1 cm)	80 g	
Granulated sugar	100 g	
Egg (evenly mixed)	150 g	
⊢Green tea	1½ teaspoon (3 g)	
A Low-gluten flour	180 g	
<sup>L</sup> Baking powder	7 g	
* Red beans (cut into pieces of about 5 mm)	50 g	

\*To add in during the residual four is cleared.

# Making chocolate



- **Preparations** ① Install blade in the bread pan.
  - 2 Break the chocolate and put them into the bread pan.
  - 3 Add in cream and honey.

### Ingredients (for about 13 cm x 13 cm x 1 cm (L x W x H))

Chocolate (milk chocolate)	1303 kcal
Milk chocolate (Chocolate plate available in the market)	3 pieces (165 ~ 174 g)
Whipping cream (a butterfat content of about 35%)	50 mL
Honey	10 g

Chocolate (white chocolate)	1186 kcal
White chocolate (Chocolate plate available in the market)	4 pieces (160 ~ 180 g)
Whipping cream (a butterfat content of about 35%)	50 mL
Honey	10 g

Chocolate (black chocolate)	1416 kcal
Black chocolate (Chocolate plate available in the market)	3 pieces (165 ~ 174 g)
Whipping cream (a butterfat content of about 35%)	70 mL
Honey	10 g

\* When cream with a butterfat content of over 41% is used, please substitute 10 mL of cream with milk.

(E.g.) Black chocolate
Whipping cream: 60 mL Milk: 10 mL

Be sure to use the amount described in the above.

Otherwise, the grease may become separated or the chocolate will become too soft.

#### Select menu "13"





Start







When you hear beep sounds, press "Stop", take out the bread pan and use a rubber spatula to eliminate the chocolates stuck on the blade.

#### Manually remove the blade.

- Perform Additional Mixing if the chocolate is not fully melted (P.42).
- Using a metal spatula or tong etc may damage the surface of blade.
- Pour it with a rubber spatula into a pan placed with a plastic wrap or a cooking paper.
- Keep them in a refrigerator for more than 2 hours for cooling until it sets

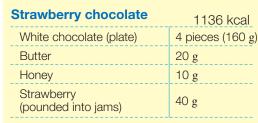
# Cut into appropriate sizes

 Splinkle coco powder or sugar powder on the cut chocolates.

# Making chocolate

Time required: about 17 min

Calory standard for 1 time





Corn chips chocolate (1 piece at each bite, about 20 pieces in total) 1279 kcal			
−Black chocolate (plate) 2 pieces (116 g			
Α	Whipping cream	40 mL	
LHoney 10 g			
Corn chips 100 g			

- ① Use A for making chocolate. (P.41)
- ② Mix ① and corn chips.
- ③ Use a spoon to discharge the chocolate onto a cooking paper for cooling in the refrigerator. You may freely decide the size.



	Mousse chocolate			
(For	(For about 5 glasses) 1733 kcal			
	-Black chocolate (plate)	2 pieces (116 g)		
Α	Whipping cream (a butterfat content of about 35%)	60 mL		
	<sup>L</sup> Honey	10 g		
Whipping cream 180 mL		180 mL		
Your favorite fruits (for decoration) An appropriate quanti		An appropriate quantity		

- ① Use A for making chocolate. (P.41)
- ② Wrip the cream.
- 3 Mix hot 1 with 2.
- ④ Pour it into a glass or other container for cooling and decorate it with your favorite fruits.
- You may also add grated chocolates and nuts if you prefer (10 ~ 20 g).



#### Perform additional mixing when the mixing is not sufficient

Additional mixing is allowed for twice after mixing is finished.

- \*Start additioned mixing within 5 min after mixing is finished. Additional mixing cannot be continued if the temperature of inner part of automatic bread maker has dropped.
- \*Use a rubber spatula to eliminate the chocolates stuck in the bread pan before additional mixing for successful mixing.







2 Set mixing time





Alt oon b

■ It can be set from 1 ~ 5 min.

(3) Start

forward)





■To discontinue mixing → Hold "Stop".

- You can perform "additional baking" as following \*Without pressing "Stop" at step 3 (P.41)
  - 1 Press integrated to set baking time
  - 2 Press to start

# **Cleaning**

In order to avoid damaging the fluorine coating of the bread pan ...

- Please clean and dry as quickly as possible!
   (Do not put an unclean or wet bread pan back into the body.
- Clean with a soft sponge!

Do not use cleansers or metal brushes to clean the bread pan.
And do not use the nylon face of a sponge, sponges wrapped in nylon net or dish dryer as well



### Bread pan, blade

# Wash with water after the residual dough is cleared.



- Add a small amount of hot water into the bread pan and keep it still for a while.
- If it is hard to remove, rotate the blade slightly to remove it.





- ② Clean the bread pan and the blade with water.
- Do not leave any residual dough around the shaft or it may damage the fluorine coating.



③ Use a bamboo stick to remove the dough stuck on the blade and the shaft.



- Any residual dough on the shaft would cause the blade to be easily detached and left in the bread.
- Use kitchen detergents (neutral) for cleaning if it is very dirty.

#### Lid

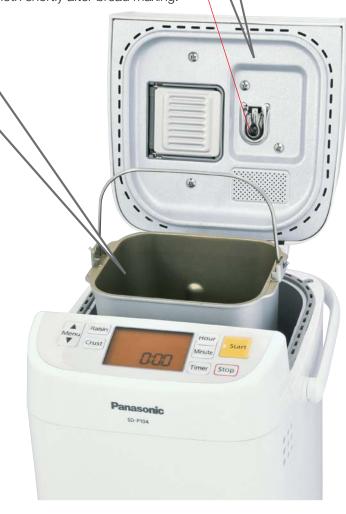
Wipe with

#### a well-wrung cloth.

 Use a well-wrung cloth to clean away the dry yeast on the flap valve and make sure that the vent of yeast dispenser is closed.



Contact between inner lid and the bread due to excessive swelling may damage the inner lid's coating. Please rest assured that there is no harm to health & product performance. Wipe inner lid with well-wrung cloth shortly after bread making.



# Cleaning

### **Dispenser lid**

#### Remove and wash with water

[Removal method]



■ Raise the dispenser lid to an angle of approximately 70 degrees and pull it upwards on the right.

### Yeast dispenser

Wipe with

# a well-wrung cloth and air dry.



# Do not wipe the yeast dispenser with dry cloth!

Otherwise, it would be difficult to remove the instant dry yeastes due to the influences caused by the static electricity.

### Raisin and nut dispenser

After removal, use kitchen detergents (neutral)

#### And wash with water



Pull it upwards



Wipe with a well-wrung cloth

Clean away the flour, instant dry yeast and ingredients left in the main body.





grease is allowed.



# FAQ

#### Bread

Can I use dedicated bread flours?

You can make bread but need to adjust the quantity of water. If cave-in appears on the top of bread because of excessive swelling, reduce water quantity by  $5\sim10\%$ .

#### French bread

You can make French bread, but the quality and swelling extent of bread may vary.

Is it possible to use other ingredients to substitute butter and milk powder?

Yes. Please use the same quantity of margarine, shortening and other solid grease to substitute butter.

Milk powder (1 tablespoon) is equivalent to 70 mL milk.

• Please reduce the same quantity of water if milk is used.



Can I use the amount specified in the recipe books available in the market?

The amount specified herein is applicable to this bread maker. The cooking effects may be affected if any other amount is used.



May I make half size of loaf?

No. When half ingredients are used, the making procedures of the bread maker can't be matched because it is very hard to control the conditions of "kneading" and "air discharges".

Can I use self-made natural yeast?

The fermentation conditions are instable and the bread may not be baked successfully.

How to store instant dry yeast?

Store them in a refrigerator. (Be sure to properly seal it and use it up as soon as possible after unpacking.)

- •Please use them before expiry date (the expiry date of unpacked products which are stored according to instructions).
- Do not store them in a refrigerator.(Dry yeast may condensate and won't fall down from the yeast dispenser)

Can I use all-purpose rice flour to make rice flour bread?

Plain rice flour can be mixed with 20% flour to make rice flour mixed bread. (Use menu "1" (bread) for baking)

Can I use dedicated bread rice flour that is not specified in this manual?

It is impossible to knead the dough. The bread may have different hardness because of different kinds of rice flour, even though the rice bread have the same ingredients.

What rice can be used to make rice bread?

Cooled rice at a temperature below 30 °C.

The rice kept in a refrigerator shall also be applicable. Where the rice becomes hard which is not easily softened, use a certain amount of water to soften it before adding for the ease of mixing. (P.50)

Frozen rice shall be thawed and recovered to room temperature before use. The rice kept warm for less than 12 hours shall be cooled down before use.

# **FAQ**

Is the cookie dough of stuffed bread usable after refrigerated?

Yes.

Please allow the cookie dough to thaw naturally in advance so that it is not so hard when it is placed on the bread dough.

Which kind of flour is better for kneading flour?

High-gluten flour is recommended for bread forming.

Can I use the sticky rice soaked in water overnight?

It is applicable too, but the mochi made from it will be too soft, so it is not recommended. You'd better deduct the water quantity that the sticky rice has absorbed.

(12 pieces: 80 mL; 18 pieces: 140 mL)

Can a bread be baked in a square shape?

In the automatic bread maker, the dough rises to become hill-shaped (shape of the bottom of the bread pan) bread during baking.



How to cut bread properly?

It is not easy to cut the bread when it is freshly baked. It is recommended to wait for at least 30 min for easier cutting and better taste.



 Lay the bread horizontally, move the bread knife forward and backward.

Is it hard to take out the bread smoothly?

If the bread can hardly be taken out when the bread pan has been cooled down for about 2 min, please place the bread pan into the main unit, keep it there for  $5 \sim 10$  min and then take it out again.

- The bread will shrink and cave in if it is kept there for too long.
- Do not use a knife, a fork or chopstick etc. to take out the bread. (Otherwise, the fluorine coating may be damaged.)

Bread

Cut it into thin pieces, wrap them with a plastic wrap one by one and keep them in a freezing condition.



Can bread and dough be kept in a freezing condition? Place formed and fermented dough in a tray, cover it with a plastic wrap and keep it in a freezing condition. After freezing, place it into a plastic bag for storage.

Thaw at a temperature of 30 ~ 35 °C and apply egg liquids before baking.

If time is limited, apply egg liquid when it is still frozen and prolong the baking time by about 5 min.

Pizza

Wrap the rolled dough with a plastic wrap and freeze it. Add ingredients when the dough is still frozen before baking.



Is instant dry yeast not mixed during execution of bread dough menu?

The instant dry yeast will work during separation, forming and secondary fermentation as long as it is mixed into the dough. No problem.

The bread dough is too soft.

Please reduce water amount by 5 ~ 10 mL. Spill flour for the convenience of operations.

Upon completion of baking



The dough does not ferment thoroughly during execution of bread dough menu.

Fermentation process may slow down due to different ratio of ingredients. Do not open the lid after process of bread dough is over. Keep it there for further fermentation. (Standard:  $20 \sim 30 \text{ min}$ )

# Can failed dough be used again?



The dough is not baked.

...etc.

It can be used to make doughnut, pizza and other foods. Please confirm at which status baking is stopped and resume the subsequent operations.

- ●When there is still instant dry yeast in the yeast dispenser
  - Start making dough again in the procedure of pizza dough to make doughnut (P.36) and pizza (P.37).
- ●When there is no instant dry yeast in the yeast dispenser
  - ▶ Take out the dough and make doughnut (P.37) and pizza (P.37)!



Flour

Water

It is hard to control the bread-making process. No bread has the same shape ...



### When the following conditions happen

#### Please confirm the following



Height standards
(Bread, soft and rice bread)



15 cm Insufficient

(Rice flour bread)



14 cm Insufficient

(Rapid, whole wheat \*1)



13 cm Insufficient

\* 1 Contain 50% whole wheat flour

(Whole wheat bread\*2)



11 cm Insufficient

\*2 Contain 100% whole wheat flour

French bread, stuffed bread



10 cm Insufficient

- Shape and swelling conditions vary according to temperature, humidity, ingredient and timer conditions.
- Are too many raisins and other ingredients added?
- Is the room temperature too high? (The shape will change if the room temperature is too high)
  - Please store flour and other ingredients in the refrigerator.
    - Do you measure the weight with a scale?
      (Do not use the measuring cup supplied)
      - Have you used flour with a protein content of over 12 ~ 15%?
      - Have you used high-gluten flour?
      - ■Have you used expired flour?

<French bread...>

● Is the ratio of high-gluten flour and low-gluten flour wrong?

●Not enough?

< Rapid, French bread, Whole wheat, Stuffed bread ...>

● Have you used cold water at a temperature of 5 °C?

<When room temperature exceeds 25 °C>

● Have you used cold water at a temperature of 5 °C?

Granulated sugar Not enough?

• Have you used the instant dry yeast that do not require advanced fermentation?

●Is it placed in the yeast dispenser?

Instant dry yeast

Not enough?

●Is it kept in the refrigerator? (P.10)

• Have you used expired instant dry yeast?

#### **Excessive swelling**



Height standards



Flour

Water

Instant dry yeast

- ●Too much?
  - Do you use the dedicated bread flour? (P.46)

●Too much?

- ●Too much?
  - ▶ If excessive swelling happens upon stated amount, please try reducing the quantities of instant dry yeast or granulated sugars by 1/4 ~ 1/2.
- ●Excessive swelling may happen sometimes at the places of which the altitude is over 1,000 metres high.
- Contact between inner part of the lid and the bread due to excessive swelling may damage the lid's coating. Accidentally eating the coating will not harm your health.

### When the following conditions happen

#### Please confirm the following

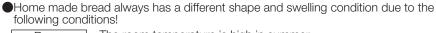
#### No swelling at all / Whole bread is whitish and \ look like a ball.



Instant dry yeast

- ■Have you forgotten to add the instant dry yeast?
- Have you used any improperly stored yeast or expired yeast?
- Have you forgotten to install the blade?
- Has any power failure occurred during operation?

The bread always has a different shape and swelling condition.



Room temperature

- The room temperature is high in summer.The room temperature has changed during operations. (The air-conditioner is shut down during operation etc.)

Types and properties of ingredients

- Flour with low protein content are used for baking.
- Improperly kept or overdue instant dry yeast are used.

Sticky bottom and distinct collapses on the sides



- Have you rapidly taken the well-baked bread from the bread pan and put it on the griller for heat radiation?
- Reduce water quantity by 10 mL for better baking effects if the room temperature is

Cave-in on the top surface (Coked crusts) Flat and square top surface

Cave-in



- ■Not enough flour?
- ■Too much water?

<Whole wheat ...>

■A high ratio of whole wheat flour or different types of flours will easily lead to such situations.

**Bottom caves** in so that the bread cannot stand upright.

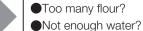


- Blade shape is visible.
- ■Have you touched the bottom of bread pan when you take out the bread? (Bread is damaged sometimes due to blade rotations)



Do not rotate

Are there remaining flour around?



Expected crust color is not achieved.

- ●Please change crust color (P.22) or adjust the amount of granulated sugar. Crust color becomes lighter if amount of granulated sugar is reduced and darkened if the amount is increased.
- ■If the stove is too hard to hold the bread because the bread is too big, please reduce the quantity of dry yeast and water.
- If the bread ferments too much that the teppen of if touches the inner side of the lid, it is possible that part of the bread will stick on the lid while the lid is opened.

# Abnormal shape of bread

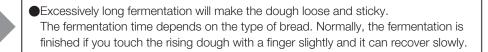
# When the following conditions happen

#### Please confirm the following

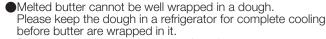
Bread crust is too hard

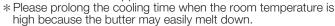


Dough becomes sticky after forming and fermentation



It is hard to make croissants







Ce

(shape)

The rice grains are notably visible in the rice bread.

●Please put rice and water in another container. Fully soften the rice before putting it into the bread pan.

The cookie dough of stuffed bread cracks



●Have you kneaded the surface of cookie dough till it becomes smooth?

■Have you forced the cookie dough into the bread dough?

\*You only need to place the cookie dough on the bread dough. (Slightly press it so that the two doughs stick together and make a good-looking shape)

• Have you pressed in the mold too much?

The cookie dough of stuffed bread becomes soft.

The reason is that the butter melts so that the dough has too much liquid in it.

\*If the butter melts, the dough will become soft and fragile even if the dough is cooled down.

The cookie dough of stuffed bread deflects on one side

●Have you repositioned the bread dough in the middle?

# Abnormal shape of bread

### When the following conditions happen

#### Please confirm the following

The cookie dough of the stuffed bread is too hard.

Stuffed

bread

Rice flour breac

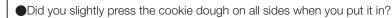
Cake



\*Take out the cookie dough from the refrigerator according to the instruction of "10 min of process work are left" and roll the dough flat with a rolling pole.

Till the cookie dough becomes flexible and soft.

The cookie dough of the stuffed bread overflows the bread pan.



\* Excessive pressing may cause the baked cookie dough to crack.

The rice flour bread made through timer baking has a rather bad shape.

● Have you used the timer at a room temperature of over 25 °C?

\* Ingredient temperature rises too much when the room temperature is high so that it becomes deformed.

Excessively long timing is not recommended.

Insufficient swelling.



- Have you added any baking powder?
- Did you sieve the low-gluten flour and baking powder before feeding?

Remaining butter are left on the cake.



- Have you recovered butter to the room temperature?
- Is the adding sequence of ingredients correct?

There are remaining flour around cake.

- Have you cleared the remaining flour?
- Is the adding sequence of ingredients correct?

The finished cake is different from expected.

The finished cake looks like butter cake but is still different from the sponge cake available in the market in terms of baking conditions.

Reduce low-gluten flour to 160 g to make softer cake.

Whipping cream and chocolates can not be merged together.

The cream with a high content of butterfat (over 41%) may not merge with chocolates with a high content of coco.

Adding extra 10 mL of milk may help the two ingredients to merge better.

Too soft.

Chocolates with a high content of milk will soften.

Please reduce the dosage of whipping cream by 10 ~ 20 mL.

Chocolates stick on the inner sides of the bread pan.

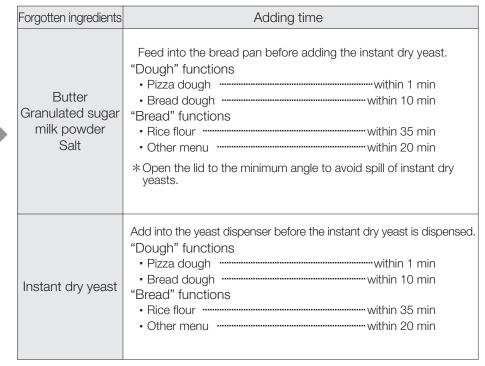
● Please use a rubber spatula to clean away the chocolates in the bread pan within 5 min and mix for another 2 ~ 3 min.

Chocolate

# Remedies for misoperations

Ingredients can be added at the following time. However, the bread making process may fail if the ingredients are not fully mixed in the initial "kneading" procedure.

Pressed "Start" before adding any ingredients.



Pressed "Start" when the wrong menu, raisin and crust color are selected!



Reselect if it is just started. Hold **"Stop"** down to stop operation, select the correct functions, menu \*, raisin and crust color and restart.

\* Do not change it into Rice flour bread. (The initial working procedure is different)

Install the wrong blade and start the unit!



Press and hold **"Stop"** button to stop the unit. Reinstall the correct blade and restart the unit.

(The blade may stop rotating if it is not the correct one.)

Pull out the power plug!



Plug in again within 10 min after unplugging and the operation will be resumed. \*Do not press "Start".

Pressed "Stop" erroneously during operations!



Press **"Start"** to recover within 10 min.

\*Only valid for once. Do not press other buttons.

■ Failed dough can be used again to make doughnut and pizza. (P.36, 37, 47)

# **Troubleshooting**

Please confirm the following issues first. If any anomaly is still identified, please contact Panasonic customer service centre immediately.

When the following conditions happen

#### Causes

#### Solutions

**Key operation** is disabled

Is the power plug removed?

Plug in the power plug.

**Press Start but** no operation (No kneading)

"Rice flour" functions starts only from "Soak". They don't operate in the very beginning.

Instant dry yeast is not dispensed.

- The instant dry yeast should be automatically added in depends on the room temperature and function you have selected.
- Yeast dispenser is damp or has static electricity.
- Wipe with a wrung cloth and air dry.
- Are the instant dry yeasts dampened?
- Use new instant dry yeast.

Operation stops

Operation will be stopped if power fails for more than 10 min.

The dough can be used again if the operation stops in a dough state. (P.47)

(Display current time)

Are you attempting to make an impossible timer setting?

The timer needed to complete baking varies from different menu.

[Timer setting examples] Timer cannot be

Menu: bread

Current time: 8:30 p.m.

(LCD screen displays 20:30)

Scope of time settings: 0:40 a.m. to 9:30 a.m. ("0:40" ~ "9:30")

\* It is impossible to set the time beyond the range above.

Please make the setting within the following range:

- Bread
  - After 4 hours and 10 min ~ 13 h
- Soft bread

After 4 hours and 30 min ~ 13 h

- Rice bread
  - After 4 hours and 10 min ~ 13 h
- French bread
  - After 5 hours and 10 min  $\sim$  13 h
- Whole wheat bread
  - After 5 hours and 10 min ~ 13 h
- Rice flour bread

After 2 hours and 40 min ~ 13 h

Start kneading immediately after timer setting.

set.

●For the bread, Rice bread, French bread and the whole wheat bread functions that use instant dry yeasts, only the initial "kneading" procedure will be started immediately after timer setting. (P.12)

Sounds are heard during operation and timing

The following sounds are normal.

- ■When dough kneading and air discharge are going on,
  - the sounds of kneading are heard.
  - the sounds of motor running are heard.
- When instant dry yeast and the ingredients of the raisin and nut dispenser are added into the bread pan.
  - The sounds of opening the flap valve and the dispenser flap are heard.

#### Stop halfway

(Blade does not work)

- Since too many ingredients are added and the blade is stucked by the hard ingredients, the motor is overloaded and the protective device is hence activated, which may cause the operation to stop immediately.
- (Powder still remains upon completion and baking does not happen)
- \* (Please consult Panasonic customer service centre.)

Abnormal sounds on the blade

There is a clearance between the blade and the shaft. (The front end moves by 3 cm or so)

The current time is displayed in a fade colour and even disappears. The lithium battery is at the end of its working life (about 2 years).

\* Before replacement of battery, inserting the plug can continue the operations. However, it is necessary to install the battery base in advance. (Otherwise, foreign matters may enter)

\* Set the current time whenever you use the timer functions.

Remove and replace the battery. (P.9)

Powders still

• Have you forgotten to install the blade?

Install the blade. (P.18)

Shaft

remain and baking does not occur

Is the blade shaft excessively fastened in the bread pan so that it can't move.

Please replace the main shaft bearing if the blade shaft does not rotate.

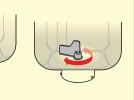
Dough is leaking out at the bottom of the bread pan

A small amount of dough leaks out from the discharge port of the bread pan during operations.

To avoid affecting the rotations, the dough that enters the rotational part will be discharged. This is normal. Please confirm if the blade is rotating.

Discharge port (4 positions) At the bottom of the bread pan

please consult your Panasonic customer service centre



The bottom of the bread pan turns black

The bottom of the bread pan may turn black due to frictions upon kneading. In that case, please wipe and clean with a damp kitchen towel.

Damage on inner lid's coating

Contact between inner lid and the bread due to excessive swelling may damage the inner lid's coating. Please rest assured that there is no harm to health & product

Wipe inner lid with well-wrung cloth shortly after bread making.

Smokes or odors may occur upon initial use. However, they will disappear some time after use. Operations are not affected.

# In case of the following displays

**Electric** Display shock

■To notify you of any power shut-off during operations. If power fails for less than 10 min, the operations will resume when power supply is resumed.

(Unsuccessful bread-making may occur sometimes)

It will still display when the power plug is plugged in after it is removed.

Display | | | | |

The oven temperature rises high due to continuous use. (above 40 °C)

Open the lid for full heat radiation of the oven. (Cool down for about 1 hour after baking) is finished

Display H

\* Please contact with your local customer service center for repairs.

# **Specifications**

Power supply		220 V ∼ 50 Hz	
Power	Heater	360 W	
consumption	Motor	80 W	
	Overheat protector	Thermal fuse	
	Depth	30.4 cm	
Dimensions (Approx.)	Width	24.1 cm	
(Approx.)	Height	34.5 cm	
Mass (Approx.)		6.1 kg	
Length of power cable		0.9 m	
	Bread / bread dough	(Flour) Maximum: 330 g Minimum: 150 g	
Capacity	Yeast dispenser	(Instant dry yeast) Maximum: 4.2 g Minimum: 1.4 g	
	Raisin and nut dispenser	(Dry fruits / nuts) Maximum: 100 g Minimum: 1 g	

Function	Menu	Capacity	Timer
	Bread	(Flour) Max.: 275 g Min.: 250 g	Timer for up to 13 hours
	Rapid	(Flour) Max.: 300 g Min.: 280 g	
	Soft	(Flour) Max.: 275 g Min.: 250 g	Timer for up to 13 hours
Bread	French	(Flour) Max.: 275 g Min.: 250 g	Timer for up to 13 hours
Dreau	Whole wheat	(Flour) Max.: 275 g Min.: 250 g	Timer for up to 13 hours
	Rice	Flour 230 g	Timer for up to 13 hours
	Rice flour	(Flour) Max.: 300 g Min.: 250 g	
	Pineapple	(Flour) Max.: 165 g Min.: 150 g	
	Bread dough	(Flour) Max.: 300 g Min.: 280 g	
Dough	Pizza dough	(Flour) Max.: 300 g Min.: 280 g	
	Dumpling skin dough	(Flour) Max.: 308 g Min.: 280 g	
Othoro	Cake	(Flour) Max.: 198 g Min.: 180 g	
Others	Chocolate	Chocolate 160 to 180 g	

# 安全方面的注意事项、请务必遵守

为了避免危害使用者以及给他人造成财产损失,特此说明下列务必遵守的事项。

■ 采用了错误使用方法时产生的危害以及损失的程度,予以区分说明。



**告**有可能导致重伤或死亡的事项。

<u>^</u>

注意 有可能导致人身伤害或财产损失的事项。

■ 针对务必需要遵守的事项,用以下符号予以区分说明。



禁止事项。



务必做到的事项。





为了避免出现火灾、烫伤、触电等……

#### 请不要用手触摸蒸气口



●请特别注意小孩。 (可能导致烫伤)



### 正确使用电源插头和电源线



●请勿超额使用插座和配线用具,以及使用 交流电220 V以外的电源。

/ 因多条配电线路超出额定功率时,\ \ 会造成异常发热。

●不要损坏电源线和电源插头。

请勿损坏、加工、将其放在热的用具附近、强行弯曲、扭转、拉伸、施加重力、

(否则会因触电或短路引起火灾)

- ●电源线损坏、插座松开时不要使用。 (否则会因触电或短路引起火灾)
- → 如果电源线损坏,为了避免危险,必须由制造商、其维修部或类似部门的专业人员更换。
  - ●请勿用潮湿的手插拔电源插头。 (否则可能导致触电)
- 0
- ●电源插头应插到底部为止。(否则会造成触电、发热,引起火灾)
- ●请定期清除电源插头上的灰尘。 (特别要注意的是,若插头的插片积存了灰尘,` (则会因湿气等原因造成绝缘不良,引起火灾,
- ➡ 拔出电源插头, 用干布擦拭。



#### 请小心使用锂电池

(为了避免发热、着火、电池爆裂)



- ●请勿充电、短路、加热、投入 火中。
- ●请勿与其他金属、电池混用



- ●请放置在儿童触摸不到的地方。
  - ★不小心吞下时, 请及时咨询医生。
- ●请用胶带等缠绕做好绝缘措施 后废弃、保存。



#### 发生异常、故障时立即停止使用,并拔 出电源插头



(否则可能导致冒烟、起火、触电、烫伤)

开币作业的

- 异常和 ●电源插头和电源线异常发热。
- 故障事 ●电源线破损、无法接通电源。

例

- ●本体变形、异常发热。
- ●使用过程中有异常的转动声。
- →请立即送往经销商检查、维修。

为了避免着火、 烫伤、受伤等 发生



### 注意

#### 面包机工作期间,某些表面的温度很高!



#### 为了避免事故发生, 请遵守以下事项



请放置于婴幼儿触摸 不到的地方。



请勿患有残障、智障 或精神障碍的人士、 缺乏经验及常识者 (包括儿童) 使用本 产品,除非负责其安 全的人士在场监督和 指导,请勿让儿童将 产品当作玩具。

(可能导致烫伤、触电、受伤)





●不要将本体浸到水中 或将水溅到本体上。

否则会因触电或短路造 成着火





●绝对不要自行拆解、 修理和改装。

(可能导致火灾、触电、受伤)

→ 请至经销商咨询维修事宜。





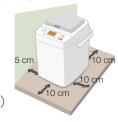


- 请不要触摸面包容器、本体、排气 口、炉内、加热器、上盖内侧等高 温部位。使用中表面会发热, 待冷 却后再进行使用后的清洁保养。 (否则可能造成烫伤)
- ▶取出面包容器时务必戴上隔热 手套。
  - ※ 不要使用湿手套。 (容易导热,可能造成烫伤)

#### 请不要在下列场所使用!



- ●地毯等不耐热的物体上面。(可能导致火灾)
- ●不平稳处和铺有桌布的桌面。(可能掉落或引起火灾) ※ 请注意发热的面包容器的放置场所。
- ●沾有面粉、油脂、灰尘等容易滑落的场所。 (会造成本体滑落)
- → 清除掉面粉等, 距离桌子边缘 10 cm 以上。
- ●墙壁或家具附近。
  - → 必须远离 5 cm 以上。(否则会造成变形变色)



#### 正确使用电源插头



- ●拔电源插头时必须要手持电源插头。(否则可能会因触电或短路引起着火)
- ●不使用时请将电源插头拔离插座。(否则可能会因触电或漏电而引发火灾)

#### 正确装入锂电池



●请不要弄错电池的 ֏ ← 极方向。( 可能导致发热、着火、电池爆裂 P. 59)

# 使用方面的要求

●请不要把小毛巾等放在 盖上。

(否则会造成故障或变 ●请不要放在潮湿处或火 源附近。

请不要对以下部位施加重力。 (否则会造成故障或变形)



温度传感器

(否则会造成故障或变形) ●有食物过敏患者请咨询医生后再使用。

●本面包机不能以外接定时器或独立的遥控控制系统操作。

57

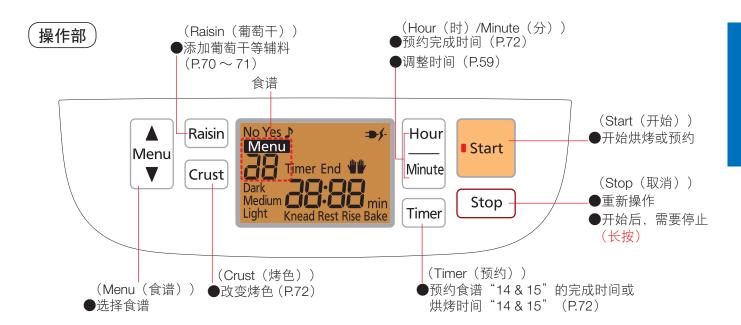
# 各部件的名称和配件

■初次使用时,请清洗面包容器、面包用叶片、配件等。(P.93)



(液体专用P.61)

("大匙"、"小匙"指的是市售计量匙。)





- ●事先拔出塑料隔板(P.58)
- ●时间显示为24小时制。
- ①插入电源插头

※如果不插电源则无法调整时间。

②按Hour(时)或Minute(分)(时间显示闪烁)





●听见哔的声音后请放开手指。

#### ③调整时间

(例:调整为下午3时30分时)



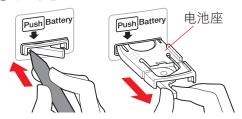
●5秒后停止闪烁(时间调整完成)

④拔出电源插头

#### 更换锂电池

※ 使用锂电池可使面包机记忆当前时间和上次使用过的设定等。

①取出电池座。



②左手固定电池,将电池座取至跟前,拿 出电池。



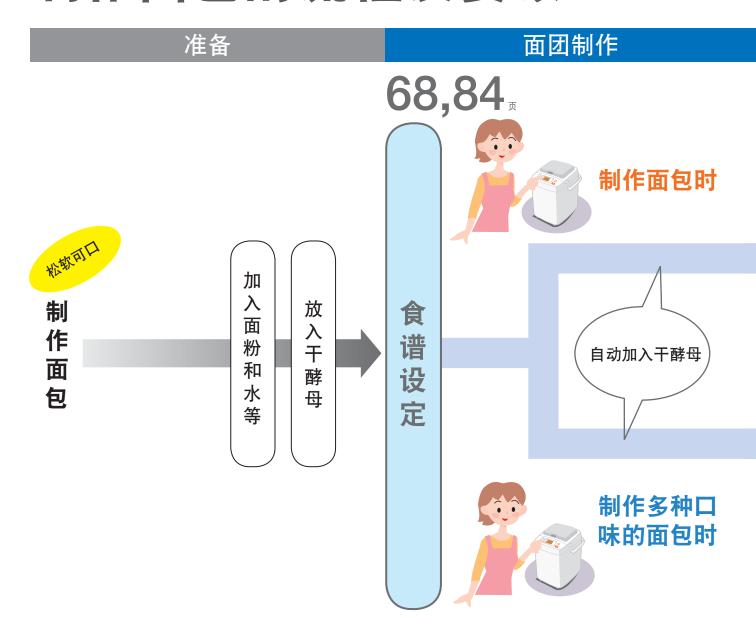
③将电池座反转后放入电池,再将电池座 装入本体。



※ 请确认电池没有掉落。

※没有放入锂电池也可以烘烤面包。

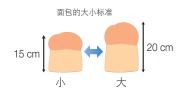
# 制作面包的流程及要领





#### 膨胀程度和形状每 次都会变的自家制 面包

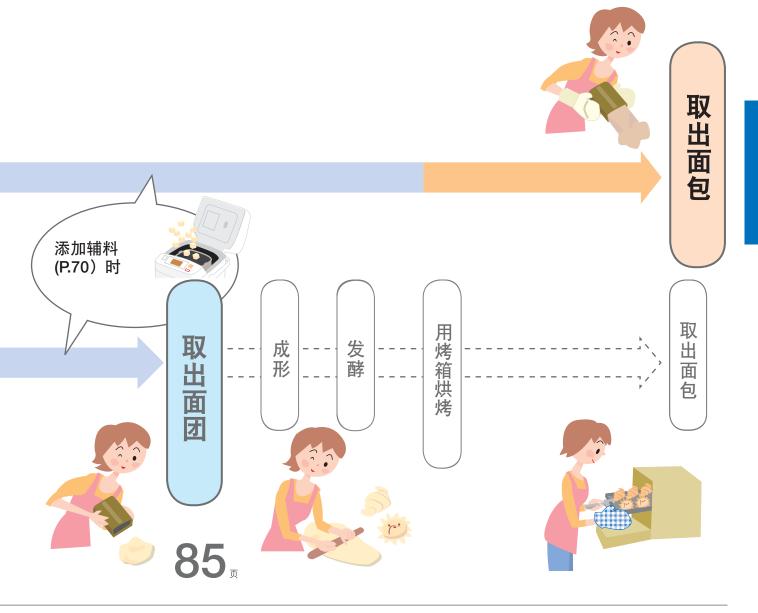
制作自家制面包容易受温度、湿度、材料及预约时间等因素的影响。即使一直都是以相同的做法去烘烤,条件稍微有点变化,膨胀程度和形状也会发生改变。



#### 材料的新鲜程度影响 很大!材料保存是否 有问题?

使面包发酵和膨胀的酵母 (P.64)是和鱼肉一样都 是生鲜食品。干酵母必须 放置冰箱内冷藏!开封后, 干酵母要密封保存!





#### 室温过高。

#### 室温过高时做出的面包 品质较差。

水对面团的膨胀程度有很大影响。夏天或室温超过25℃时,材料的温度也会上升,因此在水中加入冰块,将其冷却至5℃左右。(将冰块取出后再使用)



#### 面粉以"重量" 称量是基本!

面粉必须用秤以重量称量。(附属的计量杯是液体专用的,请不要使用!)请使用以1g为单位的秤正确称量。





# 食谱一览

▼ 干酵母落入面团的时间。(发出声音)▼ 添加葡萄干等辅料的时间。(发出声音)

食谱 编号 ( <sup>参照页)</sup>	食谱	可用功能 所需时间 (大约)	面包机制作过程
		<ul><li>葡 烤 预</li><li>萄 色 约</li><li>干</li></ul>	(所需时间及酵母添加时,因室温、烤色、预约等条件而变化)
<b>1</b> (P.68)	吐司面包	● ● ● 4小时	採面     離面     揉     发酵     烘烤
<b>2</b> (P.73)	快速面包	• - 2/小时	程 发
<b>3</b> (P.73)	软式面包	● ● 4小时20分	醒面 揉 醒面 <mark>揉 醒面                           </mark>
<b>4</b> (P.74)	法式面包	• - • 5/小时	<b>全</b> 醒面 <mark>揉</mark> 发酵
<b>5</b> (P.75)	全麦面包	• - • 5/小时	揉面醒面     揉       ※1     ※2         世面     女酵       以上     以上
<b>6</b> (P.76)	米饭面包	● ● 4/小时	採面     醒面     揉     发酵     烘烤
<b>7</b> (P.77)	米粉面包	● ● 2小时30分	醒面
<b>8</b> (P.78)	馅料面包	● 2小时15分	揉面 ፪ <sup>據</sup>
<b>9</b> (P.84)	面包面团	• 1小时	<mark>揉薩面揉</mark> 发酵 <mark>面</mark> ※4 <mark>面</mark>
<b>10</b> (P.84)	披萨面团	- <mark>-</mark> - 45分	发 <mark>接</mark> 发 揉面 <mark>酵 面</mark>

- ※1 预约设定时,只有"揉面"在预约后立即进行, 搅拌后进入待机状态。
- ※2 预约设定时,在下个行程开始之前保持待机状态。 最多可待机 11 小时。
- ※3 有时会省略该过程。
- ※4 有时会省略,有时也会连续"揉面"。

<b>食谱</b> 编号	食谱	(大列)	面包机制作过程	
		<ul><li>葡 烤 预</li><li>萄 色 约</li><li>干</li></ul>	(所需时间及酵母添加时,因室温、烤色、预约等条件而变化)	
<b>11</b> (P.88	饺子皮面	团 15分	<b>揉</b> 面	
<b>12</b> (P.89	蛋糕	- ● - 1小时30分	養	
<b>13</b> (P.91	巧克力	17分	搅追加 拌搅拌	
1.	1. 操面 叶片旋转,搅拌面团(发出声音) 6. 清除面粉			
2.	醒面	※最长可达到12分钟不进行搅拌。 将面粉和水融合(基本不动作)	7. 追加搅拌	
3.	发酵	调控温度,面团发酵(几乎不动作)	8. 放入奶油	
4.	烘烤	烘烤面团	9. 成形	
5.	放入曲奇面团		10. 打开上盖	

# 面包的基本材料

除了基本材料之外,也可以添加自己喜欢的配料,制作各种口味的面包。 (根据制作面包的不同,使用不同的材料与份量)

### 面粉

(高筋面粉、低筋面粉)





与水搅拌后,蛋白质会结合在一起生成 面团。



- ●面粉无需过筛。
- ●因蛋白质含量的关系,不同面粉的膨胀程度会有所差异。
- ●尽量使用较新鲜的产品。
- ●存放在干燥阴凉之处。
- ●务必使用秤称重。



#### 为了制作面包

一般使用富含蛋白质(12~15%)的高筋面粉。 非面包专用面粉的膨胀较小,做出的面包较硬。 此外,自发粉做出的面包不膨胀。

※包装袋上附有成分表。

### 油脂

(奶油、无盐奶油、人造奶油、 (起酥油 )





使面包细腻松软湿润。

●在固体形状下使用, 无需融化。 ※ 推荐使用无盐奶油。

# 乳制品

(奶粉、牛奶)







改善面包的味道以及香味,并使面包的 色泽更佳。

而且还能防止面包硬化。



- ●使用牛奶时,要扣除与添加量同量的 水
- ●请使用营养成分未经强化的脱脂奶粉 或者全脂奶粉。

### 食盐





除了调味,还能增加面包的嚼劲。 而且还可以防止细菌繁殖。

### 鸡蛋



改善面包的味道、香味、色泽。 也具有增强面包弹性的作用。

#### 面包酵母



面包酵母以糖分为营养来源,产生二氧化碳使面包膨胀起来。







面包的组织

将产生的二氧化碳 包起来而膨胀



●酵母是活的。

新鲜程度不同,膨胀发酵程度也会出现差异,因此请使用保存期内的酵母,并务必密封后置于冰箱内保存。

●干酵母在受潮后膨胀能力就会急剧下 降。

### 干酵母

为了制作松软可口的面包, 通常使用无需提前发酵的 干酵母。 干酵母

※不可使用新鲜酵母或是泡打粉。

### 糖

(砂糖、红糖、蜂蜜)





糖是面包酵母的营养来源,可加速发酵 完成。而且还可改善口味、香味、面包 表皮的烤色。

- ●颗粒大的糖要研碎为细小颗粒。
- ●不要使用冰糖等结晶状的糖。



- ●若增加糖的份量,则烤色会变深,减 少用量则会稍稍变浅。
- ●不可使用低卡路里的甜味剂。

### 泡打粉

在制作英式茶饼、蛋糕时使用。

※即使放入吐司或软式面包中也不会膨胀。

# 米粉



米粉中不含有面包在膨胀时需要的蛋白质,所以只使用米粉的话无法做成面包。

根据选择食谱的不同,有必要区分使用不同的粉。



- ※面包用米粉含有小麦成分(面筋),因此对小麦过敏的使用者不可食用。
- ※请一定要注意材料及清洁保养 问题,并在咨询过医生后使用。

#### ※所谓面筋…

是在面粉中加水搅拌,面粉中的蛋白质结合而成的物质。 面筋包裹著面包酵母活动产生的二氧化碳而膨胀,从而 产生面包组织。

### 水



添加在面粉中, 搅拌后生成面团。



- ●以下情况使用冷水(大约5°C:类似 冰水的温度)
  - 快速面包 法式面包
  - ·全麦面包 ·室温在25 ℃以上
  - 馅料面包
- ●碱性水不适用。

#### 为了制作面包

- ●请使用饮水机的水。硬度为50~200的水最为合适。
- ※ 水的硬度是从溶解于其中的钙、镁的量计算出来的。硬度适中的水具有提高面团弹性的效果,有助于面包膨胀。如果硬度过高,会使面包较硬。
- ●蒸馏水 (distilled water) 不利于面包膨胀,不宜使用。

### 温馨提醒

请注意以下事项防止伤害到面包容器,叶片之氟素涂层:

- ●添加较硬的材料,可能会使面包容器等氟素涂 层剥落。
- ●若使用颗粒结晶较大的粗砂糖,海盐等,请先 置于常温水中充分溶化后再使用。
- ●水量过少会导致面团硬化,揉面时伤害涂层。
- ●食材放入面包容器请按面粉 → 其他材料 → 水的顺序投放。
- ●取出面包时不要使用小刀,叉子,筷子等坚硬物品。
- ●切面包前请先确认面包用叶片是否粘附在面包 内(底部),防止切伤叶片。
- ※ 误食剥落的氟素涂层, 并不会对人体造成影响。

# 面包的基本材料(续)

#### 配件计量匙每1匙的重量基准

	大计量匙	小计量匙
砂糖	约12 g	约4 g
奶粉	约6 g	约2 g
食盐		约5 g
干酵母		约2.8 g

#### 想改变材料配方和种类时

以下列份量为基准,根据个人口味调配。

材料	想增加时	想减少时
奶油	可增加至2.5倍	可减少至½
砂糖	可增加至2倍	可减少至½
奶粉	可增加至2倍	可以不加
食盐		可以不加 (米粉面包可减少) 至½

- ●若增加砂糖的份量,会使烤色变深。减少用量烤色会变浅,高度也会变低。
- ●如果不加盐,口感稍差。 如果没有加盐,酵素活动较少,导致面团不成形,无法 做出令人满意的面包。
- ●也可以用人造奶油代替奶油,用蜂蜜代替砂糖,用牛奶代替奶粉。(P.64)
  - •蜂蜜最多不超过 25 g
  - ·奶粉大 1 相当于 70 mL 牛奶

#### 想添加蛋或牛奶时

减少相当于蛋或牛奶份量的水。

- 蛋(最多1个)
- •牛奶(最多添加水量的一半)

- ●把蛋等放入计量杯后再加水称量。
- ●不要使用预约。 (在夏季可能会变质)



# 相关材料的准备



以基本的吐司为基础(P.68),介绍搭配的 材料和份量的基准。

除了基本材料之外,还可添加自己喜欢的配料,制作多种风味的面包。

一开始就放入面 包容器内!

#### 在基本的材料基础上













添加喜欢的材料…



#### 蔬菜



- : 面粉重量的15~20% (标准: 50g)
- 例)•胡萝卜→研碎
  - 南瓜 → 煮熟后捣碎冷却
  - 菠菜 → 煮熟后切碎冷却

### 谷物类



- : 面粉重量的 10 ~ 20% (标准: 30 g)
- 例) \* 米粉 \* 燕麦片
  - 糯米粉 · 黑麦 · 全麦粉
  - 黄豆粉 · 芝麻

#### 果汁



- : 最多不超过水的份量
- 例) · 橙汁 · 苹果汁
  - 番茄等 100% 果汁
  - →事先放在冰箱内充分冷藏

#### 面粉的量



(保持原来的份量不变)

#### 扣除谷物类的重量

例) [黑麦 30 g (250 g 的 12%) 面粉 220 g

(保持原来的份量不变)

#### 水的量



#### 扣除蔬菜重量的 80%的水份

●不要使用预约功能。

### (保持原来的份量不变)

#### 扣除果汁的份量

●不要使用预约功能。

# 制作基本的吐司

### 放入材料







# 取出面包容器 安装面包用叶片



- ①沿箭头方向旋转 面包容器。
- ②向上取出。
- ③将面包用叶片放入轴心孔内。

面包用叶片 ※轻轻碰一下, 前端会有3 cm 左右移动



	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
吐司	186 kcal(6切片中的1片)
高筋面粉	250 g
奶油	10 g
砂糖	大 2(24 g)
奶粉	大1 (6g)
食盐	小 1 (5 g)
水 <sup>※</sup>	190 mL
干酵母	小 1(2.8 g)
※ 室温超过25 ℃,使用5 ℃的 水并减少10 mL。	

●软式面包、快速面包等的基本调配比例 ➡ P.73~

# 在面包容器内放入干酵母以外的 高筋面粉和水等



- ①确保面包容器中的高筋面 粉等材料(干酵母除外) 的中央部分高于周边。
- ②绕着容器的周边添加水。



※面包容器的把手中途会卡住。 (为了方便取出面包容器) 无需压到最下面。

#### 上盖

- ③放回面包容器。
- ④往箭头的方向转 动固定。
- ⑤关闭上盖。

2 添加干酵母

往酵母容器

盖容器盖 / 如果沾有水份, 》 请擦干水份 /

酵母容器

(如果沾有水份,请使 用纸巾吸干水份

※擦试会产生静电,干酵母会无 法落在面团中。

### 设定

# Raisin No Menu Crust Timer Medium







Timer

Stop

### 取出



# 选择食谱"1"



Menu



- 选择其他种类的面包 / → 点心
- Menu V
- (P.73~ P.92)
- 添加葡萄干等辅料
- **→** | Raisin | ( P.70 )
- ■选择烤色
- **→** [Crust] ( P.72 )
- 预约完成时间
- **→** Timer (P.72)

# 二 开始









- ●大约完成的时间。
- ●开始后,请不要打开上盖。 否则干酵母会洒落出来。 但是,在手动放入其他辅料时(P.71), 因为干酵母已经放入完毕,所以可以打开上盖。
- ●干酵母投入时会发出声音。

# ○ 切断电源



①按下**Stop**(取消)键

②拔掉电源插头。

在铺有小毛巾的平台上取出面包容器,取出时,请使用隔热手套。

冷却(2分钟左右)

- ※注意面包容器的放置地点。(面包容 器仍为高温状态)
- ※如果超出时间,面包会收缩下塌

### ○ 取出面包 静置等待温度下降

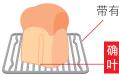
手套 (注意不要弄湿) 面包容器



抓住把手,用力晃动数次。 ※不要使用小刀、叉子、筷子 (会划伤到氟素涂层)

●取出后,确认面包容器内是否有面包用叶片。

如果没有的话,就是粘附在面包内 (底部),请取出来。



带有脚的网架等

确认面包内是否 一叶片

(直接切下去的话,可能会损坏面包用叶片)

# 便利的功能

#### 葡萄干

#### 制作含有自己喜欢的辅料的面包 "葡萄干"

葡萄干和核桃等自己喜欢的辅料,可通过设定自动添加。 香蕉和巧克力等无法自动添加的辅料(P.71),请在发出哔哔声后手动放入。

请遵照各食谱的调配比例与辅料用量。若不遵守,辅料可能会从面包容器中飞出,被加热器烤焦, 发出异味或烟雾。

#### 自动投料(由面包机完成)

准备 先把您喜欢的辅料 放入葡萄干.坚果

容器。

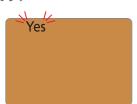
放入容器的总量不可 超过 100 g



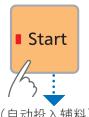
葡萄干. 坚果容器

(1) 按下Raisin(葡萄干) 选择Yes (有) (使Yes (有) 闪烁)





2 开始





(自动投入辅料)

- ※"揉面"暂时停止。
- ●有时在葡萄干.坚果容器内会沾有少量的辅料。
- ●表面有砂糖的水果,在夏季或者预约烘烤时,可能 会因砂糖融化粘在容器上而无法投放。

#### 可自动投入的材料

干燥的辅料、不易融化的辅料

#### 水果干类

(不超过 100 g)

葡萄干、西梅、 陈皮等



➡ 切成 5 mm 以下 的小块

#### 坚果类

(不超过 100 g)

腰果、核桃等



▶ 打碎为 5 mm 以下 的小块

#### 豌豆※

(不超过 30 g)



▶ 将水份擦拭干净

#### 橄榄※

(不超过 20 g)



去核、切成 ¼ 大 小并将水份擦拭 干净

#### 火腿、培根、香肠※

(不超过 50 g)



切成 10 mm 宽度

※预约烘烤面包时,请不要添加辅料。(尤其夏 季等可能会造成变质)

#### 投放辅料时,请注意以下材料!

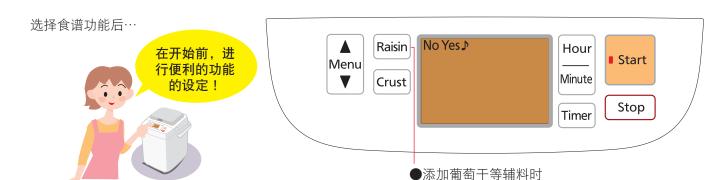
●添加较硬的材料,可能会使面包容器等的氟素涂层 剥落。

#### 请注意使用。

※ 误食剥落的氟素涂层,并不会对人体造成影响。

- 谷物
- 水果麦片
- 有糖衣的坚果糖
- 枫糖块
- 珍珠糖
- 冰糖

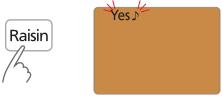
等



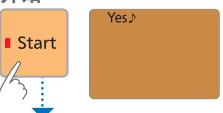
■ 不可自动添加的辅料,请手动放入。

#### 发出蜂鸣声(♪)后,手动放入

 按下Raisin(葡萄干), 选择YesJ (有J) (使YesJ (有J) 闪烁)



(2) 开始



●材料投入后显 示面包完成所 剩的时间。

3 发出哔哔声后 打开上盖

Yes 🎝

(4) 在面包容器中 放入辅料. 关闭上盖



(5) 重新开始

Start

- ●即使没有按下Start(开 面包容器 始),3分钟后蜂鸣器发 出声音,并自动开始。
- ●葡萄干.坚果容器保持打开状态。
- 添加富含蛋白质分解酵素的 鲜果时,面包不会膨胀。
- 甜瓜
- 奇异果、猕猴桃
- 无花果
- 芒果
- 菠萝
- 木瓜

等

#### 不可自动添加的辅料(会附着在容器上,难以投放) 有水份、黏性的辅料、容易溶化的辅料

酒渍水果,洋葱等切碎的蔬菜



乳酪、巧克力等





- ※芝麻等细小的材料可以一开始就 放入面包容器内。
- (最多添加面粉重量的20%左右)
- ●材料放入越多,面包的膨胀程度越差。
- ●因材料的种类不同,会有无法保持原来形状的情况。

#### ■ 制作含有辅料的面包时,辅料投入的时间··

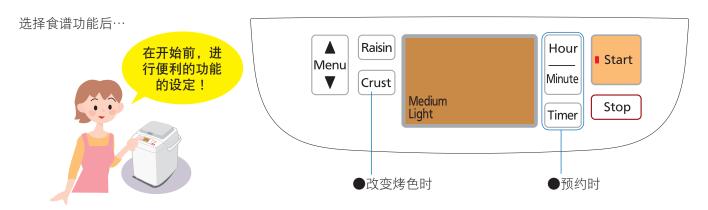
发出哔哔声的时间会因食谱及室温的变化而变化。

- 吐司面包:约1小时5分钟~1小时35分钟后
- 软式面包:约1小时55分钟~2小时15分钟后
- 快速面包: 约30~35分钟后
- 米饭面包:约1小时5分钟~1小时35分钟后
- 法式面包: 约40分钟~1小时25分钟后
- 全麦面包:约1小时35分钟~2小时50分钟后
- 馅料面包:约35~40分钟后 • 米粉面包: 约45分钟~1小时后
- · 面包面团: 约20~35分钟后

# 便利的功能

烤色

预约



#### 调整自己喜欢的烤色时的"烤色"功能

烤色可设定为"淡"、"标准"三种。

① 按下Crust(烤色)键 选择自己喜欢的烤色



●可以设定Crust (烤色)的食谱 **→** (P.62~P.63)

### 在指定时间完成烘烤的"预约"功能

为了方便早上能吃到刚刚烤好的面包。

- 1) 确认是否与当前时间相符
- ② 按下Timer(预约)键





③ 调至烘烤完成的预定时间



4 开始(预约完成)





- ●使用Raisin(葡萄干)和Crust(烤色)功能时
  - ①设定Raisin(葡萄干)、Crust(烤色)功能
  - ②设定Timer(预约)功能

#### ●可预约的时间标准

**"面包"** 功能

- 吐司面包: 4小时10分钟~13小时后
- ・ 软式面包: 4小时30分钟~13小时后
- · 米饭面包: 4小时10分钟~13小时后
- ・ 法式面包: 5小时10分钟~13小时后
- · 全麦面包: 5小时10分钟~13小时后
- ・米粉面包: 2小时40分钟~13小时后
- ※超出上述预约时间则可能会腐坏或使面包品 质变差,因此无法预约。
- ※只能预约上述食谱。(P.62~63)

#### 【可预约时间示例】

食谱: 吐司面包

现在时间:晚上8点30分 (液晶显示"20:30")

可预约时间:凌晨0点40分~9点30分

 $("0: 40" \sim "9: 30")$ 

※只能在上述时间段设置。

# 快速面包/软式面包

所需时间:

快速面包:约2小时 软式面包:约4小时20分





#### 准备 ①在面包容器内安装面包用叶片。

- (P.68) ②在面包容器内放入(除干酵母以外)面粉和水等。
  - ③将面包容器装入本体内,并将干酵母放入酵母容器。

#### 材料

<b>快速面包</b> 20	205 kcal(6切片中的1片)	
高筋面粉	280 g	
奶油	10 g	
砂糖	大 2 (24 g)	
奶粉	大1 (6g)	
食盐	小 1 (5 g)	
冷水 (5℃) ※	210 mL	
干酵母 小 1½ (4.2 g)		
※ 室温超过25 ℃时,请将水减少10 mL。		

<b>软式面包</b> 19	192 kcal(6切片中的1片)		
高筋面粉	250 g		
奶油	15 g		
砂糖	大 2(24 g)		
奶粉	大1 (6g)		
食盐	小 1 (5 g)		
水 <sup>※</sup>	190 mL		
干酵母	小 1(2.8 g)		
**			

※ 室温超过25 ℃时,请用5 ℃的 水并减少10 mL。



选择快速面包: "2" 软式面包: "3"



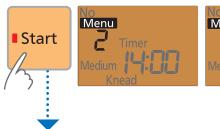




- 添加葡萄干等辅料
- Raisin (P.70)
- 选择烤色
- Crust (P.72)
- 预约完成时间 (仅限软式面包)
- **→** Timer ( P.72 )



开始

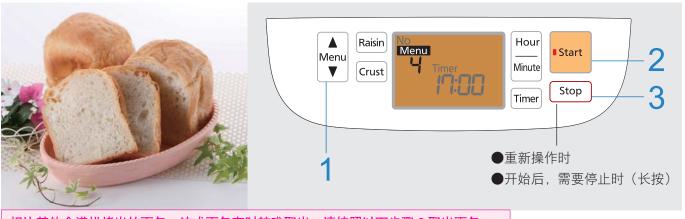




发出哔哔声后按下**Stop**(取消)键,取出面包容器,冷却2分钟左右后**取出面包** 

# 法式面包

所需时间:约5小时



相比其他食谱烘烤出的面包, 法式面包有时较难取出。请按照以下步骤3取出面包。

#### 准备 ①在面包容器内安装面包用叶片。

(P.68) ②在面包容器内放入(除干酵母以外)面粉和水等。

③将面包容器将入本体内,并将干酵母放入酵母容器。

#### 材料

<b>法式面包</b> 15	3 kcal(6切片中的1片)
高筋面粉	225 g
低筋面粉	25 g
食盐	小 1(5 g)
冷水 (5℃) ※	190 mL
干酵母	小½ (1.4 g)
※ 室温超过25 ℃时,请	將水减少10 mL。

● 室温超过30 ℃时做出的面包品质较差。

# ▲ 选择食谱 "4"





■ 添加葡萄干等辅料

Raisin

Raisin (P.70)

■ 预约完成时间

Timer

Timer ( P.72 )

7 开始







发出哔哔声后按下**Stop**(取消)键, 取出面包容器,冷却2分钟左右后

### 取出面包

■ 取出法式面包··· 在下面铺上毛巾等,用力 向下甩,甩的同时应用手 抵住台子。(参照右图)



# 全麦面包





#### 准备 ①在面包容器内安装面包用叶片。

- (P.68) ②在面包容器内放入(除干酵母以外)面粉和水等。
  - ③将面包容器装入本体内,并将干酵母放入酵母容器。

#### 材料

### 全麦面包(全麦粉30%)

181 kcal (6切片中的1片)

全麦粉(面包专用)※1	75 g
高筋面粉	175 g
奶油	10 g
砂糖	大 2(24 g)
奶粉	大1 (6g)
食盐	小 1 (5 g)
冷水 (5℃) <sup>※2</sup>	190 mL
干酵母	小 1(2.8 g)

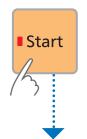
- ※1不能使用点心专用(低筋面粉)或小麦以外 的全麦面粉。
- ※2室温超过25 ℃时,请将水减少10 mL。
- 室温超过30 ℃时做出的面包品质较差。
- 全麦粉占总面粉的比例为30~100%。 (全麦粗粉约30~40%)
  - → 未满30%时,请用食谱"1"(吐司面包)进行烘烤。
- ※全麦粉的比例越高,面包的高度越低。
- ※全麦粉种类不同,面包的品质与膨胀程度 也有所差别。

# 选择食谱"5"



- 添加葡萄干等辅料
- **Raisin** ( P.70 )
- 预约完成时间
- **→** [Timer] (P.72)

# 7 开始







所需时间:约5小时

发出哔哔声后按下 **Stop**(取消)键,取出面包容器,并冷却 2 分钟左右后**取出面包** 

# 米饭面包

所需时间:约4小时





#### 准备 ①在面包容器内安装面包用叶片。

(P.68) ②在面包容器内放入(除干酵母以外)面粉和水等。

③将面包容器装入本体内,并将干酵母放入酵母容器。

#### 材料

米饭面包	207 kcal(6切片中的1片) (米饭为 120 g 时)	
高筋面粉	230 g	
冷米饭(白米)	100 ~ 120 g	
奶油	10 g	
砂糖	大 2(24 g)	
奶粉	大1 (6g)	
食盐	小 1 (5 g)	
水※	160 mL	
干酵母	小¾ (2.1 g)	
※ 室温超过25 ℃时,请用5 ℃的水并减少10 mL。		

- 还可用糙米或藏红花饭代替白米使用。
- 由于米饭量的不同,高度及口感也会有所不同。
- 米饭的量越多,烘烤出的面包越柔软。(米饭以 外的辅料如上所示)
- 室温超过30 ℃时,应将米饭放到冰箱内冷却。
- 室温超过30 ℃时,应将面粉放到冰箱内冷却。
- 可以使用预约功能,但请勿使用煮熟后(或解冻后)超过1天的米饭。
- 有时候饭粒会保持原状。

# 选择食谱 "6"





- 添加葡萄干等辅料
   选择烤色
   预约完成时间
   Raisin (P.70)
   Crust (P.72)
   Timer (P.72)
- 7 开始







发出哔哔声后按下**Stop**(取消)键,取出面包容器,冷却2分钟左右后**取出面包** 

●米饭面包含有较多水份,容易变质,因此请尽快食用。 (夏季:当天,冬季:二天内)

# 米粉面包





所需时间:约2小时30分

- 准备 ① 在面包容器内安装面包用叶片。
- (P.68) ②在面包容器内放入(除干酵母以外)米粉和水等。
  - ③将面包容器装入本体内,并将干酵母放入酵母容器。

#### 材料

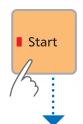
米粉面包	199 kcal(6切片中的1片)	
米粉	50 g	
高筋面粉	200 g	
奶油	20 g	
砂糖	大2 (24 g)	
奶粉	大1 (6g)	
食盐	小 1 (5 g)	
水 <sup>※</sup>	190 mL	
干酵母	小1½(4.2 g)	
※ 室温超过 25 °C	〕时,请使用5℃的冷水。	

- ●室温超过 25 °C时,使用预约功能做出的面包 品质不好。(P.101)
- ●室温超过 30 °C时,请将米粉等材料放到冰箱 内冷藏

# ★ 选择食谱 "7"



7 开始



■预约完成时间





Timer (P.72)

多出哔哔声后按下**Stop**(取消)键,取出面包容器,冷却 2 分钟左右后取出面包

# 馅料面包

所需时间:约2小时15分





#### 准备 ① 在面包容器内安装面包用叶片。

- (P.68) ② 在面包容器内放入(除干酵母以外) 面粉和水等。
  - ③ 将面包容器装入本体内, 并将干酵 母放入酵母容器。

#### 材料

馅料面包 1		1162 kcal(不含辅料)	
	一高筋面粉	200 g	
	奶油	35 g	
	砂糖	大2 (24 g)	
Α	奶粉	大1 (6g)	
	食盐	/J\ 34 (3.8 g)	
	鸡蛋(打匀)	半个中等大小(25 g)	
	一冷水 (5°C)	100 mL	
=	F酵母	小 1¼(3.5 g)	
馅料		12个 (15 g/个)	

- ●选择自己喜欢的辅料 (严禁带有水份的材料!) 咖喱(熬煮收汁)、肉丸、马铃薯沙拉、香肠、 金枪鱼(去掉水份)、奶酪(切成块状)等。
- ●请务必遵守上述份量规定。 若份量过多,会导致面团从面包容器中溢出, 烤焦冒烟或散发焦味。
- ■在步骤3误按了Stop(取消)键时 在 10 分钟内按下 **Start**(开始)即可恢复。 (仅限1次。按其他键无效)
- ■在步骤3经过15分钟后,即使还未操作完, 也会发出蜂鸣声, 并重新开始。
- ■在进行步骤3时(15分钟)添加自己喜欢 的辅料,则可以制作出多种风味的面包。
  - **⇒** P.80

#### "8" 选择食谱



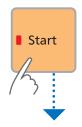


■添加葡萄干等辅料

Raisin

(P.70)

开始







烘焙工序

发出哔哔声后打开上盖,从面包容器中 取出面团, 拆掉叶片。



- ①将面团分成 12 等分。
- ②将配料逐个包入切好的面团中。

(注意: 请温柔地展开面团,避免面筋组织被破坏,影响口感)。

- ③放入面包容器。(可按以下其中一种方式放入)
  - a. 放置为3层,每层4份面团
  - b. 放置为2层, 每层6份面团
- ●当 🎤 闪烁时,不要按 Stop(取消)键

# 关闭上盖

# 再次开始 Start



发出哔哔声后按下 Stop (取消)键, 取出面包容器,冷却2分钟左右后

### 取出面包

※ 取出用力过猛时会破坏面包形状。

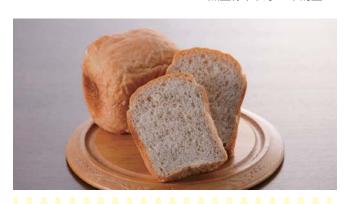
# 各种口味的面包

● 热量标准表示 1 个的量



意大利风味面包	食谱"4"	1170 kcal
高筋面粉		225 g
低筋面粉		25 g
食盐		小1 (5g)
橄榄油		2 大匙(24 g)
冷水 (5°C) <sup>*</sup>		170 mL
干酵母		小½ (1.4 g)
※ 室温超过 25 ℃时,水	:量减少 10 mL。	

根据个人喜好,也可放入切成  $5\,\mathrm{mm}$  小块的红辣椒(或番茄干) $20\,\mathrm{g}$  及橄榄  $20\,\mathrm{g}$  (或干罗勒粉  $1\,\mathrm{小匙}$ )\*使用**Raisin**(葡萄干)功能。(P.70)

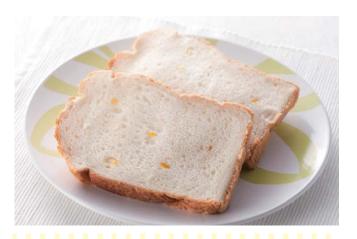


法式乡村面包 食谱 "4"	900 kcal
高筋面粉	200 g
全麦粉	50 g
食盐	小 1 (5 g)
冷水 (5 ℃) <sup>※</sup>	190 mL
干酵母	小½ (1.4 g)
※ 室温超过 25 ℃时,水量减少 10 mL。	



小鱼干海带米粉面包	食谱 "7"	1236 kcal
高筋面粉		200 g
米粉		50 g
奶油		20 g
*小鱼干(干炒)		20 g
砂糖		大 2(24 g)
奶粉		大1 (6g)
食盐		小 1(5 g)
水 <sup>※</sup>		200 mL
干酵母		小 1½(4.2 g)
*海带干(水发后拧干)		4g(干燥重量)
※ 室温超过 25 ℃时,使用	约5℃的冷7	火。

\* 使用**Raisin**(葡萄干)功能。 **→** 手动放入(P.71)



桔香米粉面包	食谱 "7"	1230 kcal
高筋面粉		200 g
米粉		50 g
* 桔子果酱		20 g
奶油		20 g
砂糖		大 2(24 g)
奶粉		大1(6g)
食盐		小 1 (5 g)
水 <sup>※</sup>		170 mL
干酵母		小 1½(4.2 g)
※ 室温超过 25 °C 时	t,使用约5℃的冷	令水。

\*最开始即放入面包容器。

# 各种口味的面包

● 热量标准 1个的量

橄榄面包	食谱"1"或"3"	1143 kcal
高筋面粉	250 g	
奶油	10 g(软式面	ī包为 15 g)
砂糖	大 2 (24 g)	
奶粉	大1 (6g)	
食盐	小 1 (5 g)	
干香草	少许	
水 <sup>※</sup>	180 mL	
干酵母	小 1(2.8 g	)
*青橄榄	20 g	
※ 室温超过 25 %	℃时,减少 10 mL。(5 °	C的冷水)

\* 使用Raisin (葡萄干) 功能。 (P.70)

葵花籽蜂蜜面包	食谱"1"或"3"	1336 kcal
高筋面粉	250 g	
奶油	15 g	
砂糖	大2(2	4 g)
奶粉	大1(6	6 g)
食盐	小1 (5	5 g)
蜂蜜	1 大匙(	(21 g)
水 <sup>※</sup>	180 mL	
干酵母	小1(2.	8 g)
* 葵花籽	20 g	
※ 室温超过 25 ℃时	t,减少 10 mL。(5 ℃f	的冷水)

\* 使用**Raisin**(葡萄干)功能。(P.70)

果汁面包食	# <b>"2"</b> 1332 kcal
高筋面粉	250 g
奶油	25 g
砂糖	大 1 (12 g)
奶粉	大2 (12 g)
食盐	/J\34 (3.8 g)
鸡蛋(打匀)	50 g
100%番茄果汁(放入冰箱冷藏)	120 mL
干酵母	小 1½ (4.2 g)
* 什锦蔬菜 (水煮后沥干水分,冷却至室	<u>温</u> ) 70 g
\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}\)\(\frac{1}\)\(\frac{1}\)\(\frac{1}\)\(\frac{1}\)\(\frac{1}\)\(\frac{1}\)\(\frac{1}\)\(\fra	

※ 室温超过 25 ℃时,减少 10 mL。 \*使用Raisin(葡萄干)功能。(P.70)

红豆饭面包	食谱	"6"	1246 kcal
高筋面粉		230 g	
红豆饭(放凉)		100 g	
酥油		10 g	
砂糖		大2 (24 g)	
食盐		小1 (5g)	
黑芝麻		5 g	
水 <sup>※</sup>		160 mL	
干酵母		小¾ (2.1 g)	)
※ 室温超过 25 °C时. 减少:	10 mL	-0	

咖喱饭面包	食谱 "6"	1370 kcal
高筋面粉		210 g
放凉的米饭(白米)		100 g
奶油		20 g
砂糖		大 2(24 g)
奶粉		大1 (6g)
食盐		小 1(5 g)
咖喱粉		5 g
精制干酪(切成小块)		30 g
黑胡椒粉		½ 小匙(3 g)
水 <sup>※</sup>		110 mL
干酵母		小¾ (2.1 g)
* 马铃薯 (切成小块, 水煮但	不煮烂)	20 g
*胡萝卜(切成小块,水煮但	1不煮烂)	20 g
* 培根	]	20 g
※室温超过25℃时,减少	10 mL。	

\*使用Raisin(葡萄干)功能。(P.70)

<b>海州王与</b>		
海带面包 <sub>食谱</sub> "6"	烤色"淡"	1241 kcal
高筋面粉		230 g
放凉的米饭(白米)		100 g
酥油		10 g
砂糖		大 2(24 g)
食盐		小 1(5 g)
白芝麻		5 g
水 <sup>※</sup>		160 mL
干酵母		/J\3⁄4 (2.1 g)
*海带		10 g
※ 室温超过 25 ℃时,减	少 10 mL。	

\* 使用Raisin (葡萄干) 功能。 (P.70)

#B1B	
潘尼朵尼 食谱 "2"	1420 kcal
高筋面粉	250 g
奶油	25 g
砂糖	大1 (12 g)
奶粉	大2 (12 g)
食盐	小1 (5 g)
鸡蛋(打匀)	一个中等大小(50 g)
冷水 (5℃)	130 mL
干酵母	小 1¾(4.9 g)
*您喜欢的干果	60 g
※ 室温超过 25 ℃时,减少 10 mL。	(5℃的冷水)

\* 使用Raisin(葡萄干)功能。(P.70)



材	料	1493 kcal
	┌高筋面粉	200 g
	奶油	15 g
	砂糖	大3 (36 g)
Α	奶粉	大1 (6g)
	食盐	小¾(3.8 g)
	鸡蛋(打匀)	半个中等大小(25 g)
	└冷水 (5°C)	110 mL
干	酵母	小 1¼(3.5 g)
辅	料	
Ŧ	果(朗姆酒腌渍)	100 g
4	奶	1 小匙(5 mL)
肉	桂糖	适量
糖	霜材料	
В	┌砂糖	25 g
	上水	小½ (3g)

面团太黏,难以擀平…… 在手上或擀面杖上沾些 高筋面粉,则会变得比 较容易。

# 肉桂卷

### ○ 选择食谱 "8"制作面包面团

- ①将 A 放入已安装面包用叶片的面包容器内,再将面包容器放入本体内。

操作要在 15 分钟以内完成!

#### 取出面团

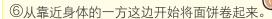
- ③发出哔哔声后打开上盖,从面包容器中取出面团, 拆下叶片。
  - ●不要按 **Stop**(取消)键

#### 擀面

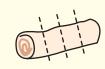
④擀成(宽) 15 cm × (长) 25 cm 的面饼。

#### 成形

⑤从靠近身体的一方开始,将 % 的面饼涂上牛奶,撒上肉桂砂糖和干果。



⑦切成均等的4等分,放入面包容器内。





### 烘烤 (再次按下 start 键)

### 做糖霜

⑧ 将B放入金属碗里,用60 ℃的热水隔水加热同时搅拌制作成糖霜。

# 最后加工

⑨烘烤结束后,从面包容器中取出来,将糖霜浇上去。



用食谱 "8"制作各种口味的面包时面包面团和配料的总重量最多不能超过 600 g!

※ 辅料太多则会出现面包不膨胀或烘烤不足等情况。

#### 避免使用水份多的辅料!

(可事先将水份多的辅料水煮沥干,冷却至常温)

※会影响面包面团的发酵。

#### 辅料要事先准备好!

※操作时间15分钟。

# 各种口味的面包



材料 1268 kcal		
┌高筋面粉	200 g	
奶油	15 g	
糖粉	大2 (24 g)	
A 奶粉	大1 (6g)	
食盐	小¾(3.8 g)	
抹茶	1 小匙(2 g)	
鸡蛋(打匀)	半个中等大小(25g)	
└冷水 (5℃)	110 mL	
干酵母	小 1¼(3.5 g)	
辅料		
蜜黑豆	120 g	



<b>材料</b> 293 kcal(6切片中的1片)	
高筋面粉	150 g
奶油	15 g
砂糖	大 2(24 g)
奶粉	大1 (6g)
食盐	小½(2.5 g)
冷水 (5℃)	100 mL
干酵母	小¾ (2.1 g)

曲奇面团(菠萝面包面皮)		
奶油	50 g	
砂糖	40 g	
鸡蛋(打匀)	半个中等大小(25 g)	
低筋面粉	100 g	
泡打粉	小 1 (3 g)	
香草精	少量	
粗砂糖(最后加工用)	2~3 小匙	

# 抹茶黑豆面包卷

- 选择食谱 "8"制作面包面团
  - ①将 A 放入已安装面包用叶片的面包容器内,再将面包容器放入本体内。
  - ②在酵母容器内放入干酵母,选择食谱"8",并按下 [55art]。

#### 取出面团

- ③发出哔哔声后打开上盖,从面包容器中取出面团,拆掉叶片。
  - 不要按 Stop (取消) 键
- 擀面
  - ④将面团擀成细长的面饼, 宽度略小于面包容器宽度。
- 放上辅料,成形
  - ⑤将已被充分沥干的黑豆均匀地撒上去。
  - ⑥从靠近身体的一方开始将面饼卷起来。
  - ⑦放入面包容器内。
  - 烘烤

(再次按下

■Start 键)

还可用可可粉代替抹茶。如果在面团里再加入巧克力片、 杏仁片,就成了孩子们非常 喜欢的巧克力杏仁面包卷。



# 菠萝面包

- 制作曲奇面团,并放入冰箱冷藏 (P.82①~⑥)
  - ①在面包容器内安装面包用叶片。
  - ②在面包容器内放入(除干酵母以外)面粉和水等。
  - ③在酵母容器内放入干酵母,选择食谱"8",并按下 [55art]。

刺余**10**分钟时,擀平曲奇面团 (P.82 ⑦ ~ ⑧)

发出哔哔声后打开上盖

### 放入曲奇面团



- ①将面包面团放置在面包容器中央
- ②将涂有鸡蛋液的曲奇面团的一面朝下,放在面包面团上面
- ③轻轻按面团周围(不要太用力按下去)
- ④从上面撒上粗砂糖

#### 烘烤

(再次按下 **■Start** 键)

### 曲奇面团的制作方法

#### 制作面团

- ①将低筋面粉与泡打粉混在一起筛。
- ②用木铲等工具将恢复回室温而软化的奶油 搅拌成泥状。
- ③分次放入少量砂糖(分 2~3次),一直搅拌到 奶油泛白且光滑。



- ④分3~4次一点点加入蛋液后充分搅拌。 最后添加香草精。 ※蛋液预留½小匙
- ⑤将①的材料放入,搅拌至 均匀成团。



⑥ 面团成形后,将面团揉成 光滑的圆盘,包上保鲜膜 放入冰箱醒面 20 分钟以上。



#### 擀面

- ⑦ 用擀面棒擀成直径 14~15 cm的圆形。 ※ 用保鲜膜将面团包在 中间,便于擀平。
- ⑧ 将剩余的 ½ 小匙鸡蛋液 涂在面团的表面。

### 制作馅料面包的诀窃!

●也可以在曲奇面团的表面做 出格子图案。

用竹签等工具轻轻刻出深度 不超过 1 mm 的图案。

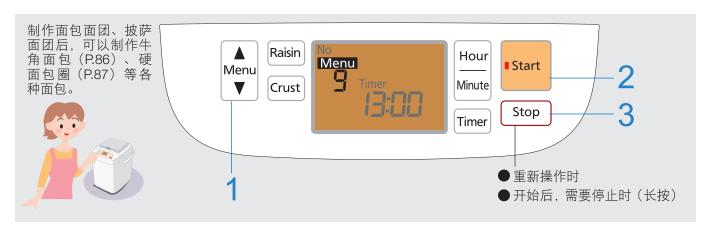
(刻得太深的话,则曲奇面团会 裂开滑落下来。

要做出好的曲奇面团,硬度 最好控制在柔软并且能够弯 曲的程度。



# 制作面包面团/披萨面团

所需时间: 面包面团 约 1 小时 披萨面团 约 45 分



#### 准备 ①在面包容器内安装面包用叶片。

- (P.68) ②在面包容器内放入(除干酵母以外)面粉和水等。
  - ③将面包容器装入本体内,并将干酵母放入酵母容器。

#### 材料

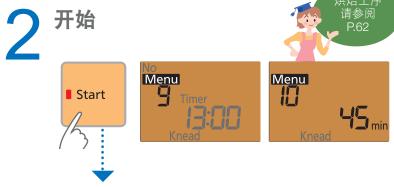
面包面团		
高筋面粉	280 g	
奶油	50 g	
砂糖	大3 (36 g)	
奶粉	大2 (12 g)	
食盐	小 1(5 g)	
鸡蛋	半个中等大小(25g)	
水 <sup>※</sup>	160 mL	
干酵母	小 1(2.8 g)	
※ 室温超过 25 ℃时,请使	用约5℃的冷水。	

披萨面团		
高筋面粉	280 g	
奶油	15 g	
砂糖	小 1 (12 g)	
奶粉	大1 (6g)	
食盐	小1 (5 g)	
水 *	190 mL	
干酵母	小1 (2.8 g)	
※ 室温超过 25 ℃时,请使用约 5 ℃的冷水。		

选择面包面团: "9" 披萨面团: "10"



■添加葡萄干等辅料时 **→** Raisin (P.70) **(仅限面包面团)** 



- 多出哔哔声后按下 **Stop** (取消)键 **立即取出面团** 
  - ※ 就这样放着,让面团进一步发酵。
  - ※ 改变面团材料的配比, 可能会造成发酵速度变慢。(P.97)

# 各种口味的面包

# 使用面包面团

### 使用面团制作面包时使用的工具







■刮板



●擀面杖



●小毛巾 (浸湿后拧干)



≥烹饪纸







●烤箱

# 制作时可能使用的工具

- ●厨房剪刀
- ●面包模具
- ●保鲜膜
- ●温度计



材料 (12个的量)135 kcal(1个的量)

面包面团 (P.84)

1次的量

蛋液 (蛋汁)

25 g

# 奶油卷

#### 成形

- ①用刮板将面团分割成约45 g的大小(12等 分), 搓成圆球状, 盖上小毛巾后放置约15分
- ②搓成椭圆形,再盖上小毛巾放置10~15 分钟,静置。
- ③用手轻轻按压,再用擀面杖擀薄。
- ④抓住面团一端, 向靠近身体的方向拉伸, 同 时紧紧的卷起来。

(如果没有卷紧的话,发酵时容易横向胀起)











#### 发酵

- ⑤把收口朝下放置,并喷洒水。
- ⑥在30~35 ℃温度条件下,使面团发酵 40~60分钟(膨胀到大约2倍大小为止) 涂上蛋液。

### 烘烤

⑦在预热到170~200 ℃的烤箱内烘烤大约 15分钟。剩下的面团放在冰箱内避免过度 发酵。



#### 豆沙面包

- ① (在奶油卷步骤①后)将面团擀成直径10 cm的面饼。
- ②用①制作好的面饼,将豆沙馅包起来,揉成团,将中间压得比周边低。
- ③排放好②,喷洒水,在30~35℃温度条件下,使面团发酵20~30分钟(膨胀到大约2倍大小止)。 ④涂上蛋液(蛋汁),撒上白芝麻,在预热到170~190℃的烤箱内烘烤大约15分钟。

# 各种口味的面包

# 使用面包面团



材料(12个的量)

面包面团	204 kcal (1 个的量)
┌高筋面粉	225 g
低筋面粉	55 g
奶油	15 g
砂糖	大3 (36 g)
※ 奶粉	大1 (6g)
1 食盐	小 1 (5 g)
鸡蛋(打匀)	25 g
水	140 mL
- 干酵母	小 1(2.8 g)
奶油 (切成 1 cm 厚)	140 g
蛋液(蛋汁)	25 g

※ 1 按照P.84的步骤制作。

# 牛角面包

#### 加入奶油

- ①把面团放在碗中,用保鲜膜封住,放入 冰箱冷藏30~60分钟。 (室温较高时,延长冷藏时间)
- ②在奶油上涂抹面粉,放在保鲜膜上,擀成20×20 cm的正方形,放入冰箱冷藏15~30分钟。
- ③用擀面杖敲打按压面团,擀成30×30 cm的 正方形。
- ④用面饼包裹②做好的奶油,再包上保鲜膜,放入冰箱冷藏10~20分钟。
- ⑤用擀面杖敲打按压,让面团稍微变薄,并擀 平。
- ⑥把面饼折三折,包上保鲜膜,放入冰箱 冷藏10~20分钟。
- ⑦重复⑤和⑥两次,冷藏30~60分钟。

### 成形

- ⑧把面团2等分,分别擀成18×40 cm的长方形,平均分成6个等腰三角形。
- ⑨抓住面团的一端卷起来。
- ⑩把收口朝下放置。

### 发酵

①喷洒水后用保鲜膜封住,在室温环境下 发酵40~60分钟(膨胀到大约2倍大小 为止)后,涂上蛋液。

### 烘烤

②在预热到200~220 ℃的烤箱内烘烤大约10分钟。剩下的面团放在冰箱内避免过度发酵。

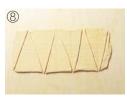


















#### 甜甜圈

- ①把面团分成每个约35 g, 揉成团, 盖上小毛巾后放置10~20分钟。
- ②擀成薄薄的圆形,用甜甜圈模子压在面饼上。
- ③在30~35 °C温度条件下,使面团发酵20~30分钟(膨胀到大约2倍大小为止)。
- ④用约170°C的油炸、最后撒上加了肉样的精制白糖。



#### 材料 (8个的量) 156 kcal (1个的量)

面包面团		
	一高筋面粉	280 g
Α	砂糖	大3(36g)
	- 食盐	小 1(5 g)
É	色拉油	2 小匙
フ	k	180 mL
٦	F酵母	小1 (2.8 g)



硬面包圈 可直接食用,但如果 把面包圈横切成两 半,夹入生菜、火腿、 起司、果酱等一起吃 会更美味!

# 硬面包圈

#### 制作面包面团

- ①按顺序将A ➡ 色拉油 ➡ 水放入装有叶片的面包容器中,把干酵母放入酵母容器。
- ②按照"制作面包面团"(P.84)的步骤制作面团。

### 成形

- ③把取出的面团分成约60 g(8等分),揉成团,盖上小毛巾后放置 10分钟。
- ④用手指按入面团中央,并转动使中间的洞变大,形成甜甜圈状。

#### 发酵

⑤放在撒了面粉的烹饪纸上,在30~35 ℃ 温度条件下,使面团发酵约40分钟(膨 胀到大约2倍大小为止)。



⑥用开水将两面各煮30秒,沥干水分。



⑦放在铺有烹饪纸的烤盘上,在预热到 170~190°C的烤箱内烘烤大约15~20 分钟。





# 制作披萨



材料 (2个直径25 cm 的披萨的量) 1127 kcal(1个的量)

披萨面团(P.84)	1次的量	
披萨调味汁	4大匙(72 g)	
披萨用起司	200 g	
辅料 (例)		
┌洋葱(切薄片)	1小个	
香肠(切薄片)	10片	
培根	2片	
蘑菇(切薄片)	6个	
上青椒(切薄片)	2个	

# 披萨

### 成形

- ①用刮板将面团2等分,揉成团。 (如果是薄披萨面团就分成3等分)
- ②盖上小毛巾后放置10~20分钟。
- ③放在烹饪纸上,擀成25 cm直径的大小。
- ④用叉子在面饼上戳洞。



⑤涂上披萨调味汁,加调料,再放上披萨起司。

### 烘烤

⑥在预热到180~200℃的烤箱内烘烤大约15分钟。 剩下的面团放在冰箱内避免过度发酵。





# 制作饺子皮面团

所需时间:约15分钟



#### 准备

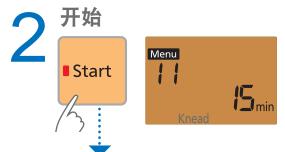
- ①在面包容器内安装面包用叶片。
- ②将材料放入面包容器内。
- ③把面包容器装入本体内。

#### 材料

饺子粉	280 g
温水(35 ℃左右)	150 mL
或	
高筋面粉	140 g
低筋面粉	140 g
温水(35 ℃左右)	170 mL

# 选择食谱"11"





多出哔哔声后,按下 Stop (取消), 立即取出面团



材料 (30~40个的量)

54 kcal (1个的量)

花生油	1大匙(15 g)
八角	5 g
韭菜	125 g
五花肉	250 g
食盐	2 g
味精	2 g
五香粉	6 g
酱油	1大匙(18 g)

(可根据需要,自行调整配方)

# 水饺

### 制作水饺馅

①用花生油油炸八角,将油炸八角的油冷却后,与韭菜混合搅拌 均匀(防止韭菜渗水),再与五花肉以及调味料混合搅拌均匀 即可。

### 掛面 対

- ②取出面团后,搓成直径3 cm的长条,并切成2 cm宽。用擀面杖将制成的面团,擀成直径约8 cm的圆形。
- ※每个饺子皮大约重9g,大约可制成30~40个饺子。

### 制作饺子

- ③将饺子馅置于饺子皮中,制成饺子。
- ※可根据个人喜好将饺子制成月牙形或三角形等。

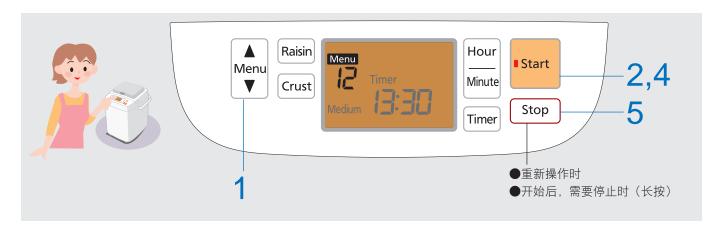
### 制作水饺馅

④盛上半锅水烧开,然后将饺子置于沸水中,等再次沸腾后向锅中加入半碗冷水,依次重复3次。(此动作可以提高饺子皮的韧性、弹性)

请参阅

P.63

# 制作蛋糕



#### 准备 ①在面包容器内安装面包用叶片。

- ②在面包容器内依次放入奶油、 砂糖、牛奶、鸡蛋。
- ③放入一起筛过的A, 再将面包容器安装到本体内。

#### 材料

蛋糕	2288 kcal(1次的量)	
无盐奶油※	140 g	
砂糖	100 g	
牛奶	1大匙(15 mL)	
鸡蛋(打匀)	两个中等大小 (100 g)	
A厂低筋面粉	180 g	
	7 g	
※ 切成1 cm小块,恢复至常温。		

#### ■可以添加自己喜欢的材料或辅料!

/ 固体形状的辅料可在清除面粉时\ ( 均匀地放进去



可可粉

(15 g)



(50 g)





红茶 (格雷伯爵茶) (4g)

核桃仁 (40 g)

- ■在步骤3误按了Stop(取消)键时 在10分钟内按下Start(开始)即可恢复。 (仅限1次。按其他键无效)
- ■在步骤3经过15分钟后,会发出蜂鸣,并自动开始"搅拌"功能。

( 如果不清除掉面粉,烤好的 ) ( 蛋糕表面会残留面粉

●做出的蛋糕接近奶油蛋糕。 (但与市场销售的海绵蛋糕) 并不完全相同



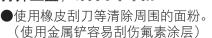


选择烤色时 **►** [Crust] (P.72)

开始



发出哔哔声后, 打开上盖,**清除面粉** 



●不要按**Stop**(取消)键

盖上上盖, 再次开始





- 发出哔哔声后按下**Stop**(取消)键,取出面包容器,冷却2分钟左右后。 取出蛋糕
  - ●烘焙不足时,进行"追加烘烤"。(P.90)
  - ●取出用力过猛时会破坏蛋糕形状。

# 制作蛋糕

所需时间:约1小时30分



# 烘烤不足时,进行"追加烘烤"

烘烤结束后,最多可进行2次追加烘烤。

※ "追加烘烤"要在烘烤结束后的15分钟内进行。 库内温度一旦变低就无法追加烘烤。

# ① 选择食谱 "12"





# 2 设定烘烤时间





●可设定为1~20分钟。

# ③ 开始





■取消追加烘烤时, → 长按Stop(取消)键

■还可通过以下方法进行"追加烘烤"。 ※在步骤5(P.89)没有按下**Stop**(取消)键时

① 按下 | 说定烘烤时间

②按下 Estart, 开始



柠檬蛋糕	2095 kcal
无盐奶油(切成1 cm小块)	110 g
砂糖	100 g
牛奶	1大匙(15 mL)
鸡蛋(打匀)	100 g
朗姆酒 (或白兰地)	1大匙
A L 低筋面粉 L 泡打粉	180 g
□泡打粉	7 g
※柠檬皮(捣碎)	1个份

※在清除面粉时放入

巧克力蛋糕	2384 kcal
无盐奶油(切成1 cm小块)	100 g
砂糖	100 g
鸡蛋(打匀)	100g
┌可可粉	2½大匙(15 g)
A 低筋面粉	180 g
泡打粉	7 g
※巧克力豆	50 g
※糖渍桔皮(切成5 mm~1 cm的块状)	40 g

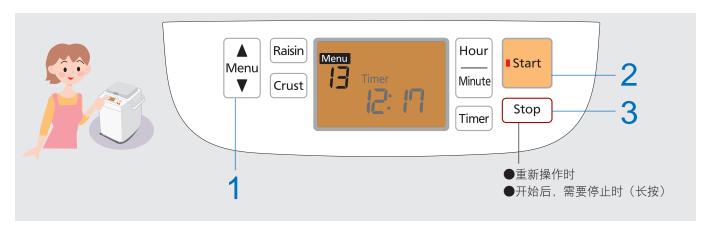
※在清除面粉时放入

1960 kcal
100 g
80 g
2大匙(30 mL)
100 g
50 g
180 g
7 g

抹茶红豆蛋糕	2056 kcal
无盐奶油(切成1 cm小块)	80 g
砂糖	100 g
鸡蛋(打匀)	150 g
┌抹茶	1½小匙(3 g)
A 低筋面粉	180 g
泡打粉	7 g
※红豆洗净煮熟并沥干 (切成大小5 mm左右)	50 g

※在清除面粉时放入

# 制作巧克力点心



- 准备 ①在面包容器内安装面包用叶片。
  - ②在面包容器内放入掰开的巧克力块。
  - ③加入鲜奶油、蜂蜜,再将面包容器放入本体内。

#### **材料**(约为宽13 cm×长13 cm×高1 cm的份量)

巧克力点心 (牛奶)	1303 kcal
牛奶巧克力 (市面销售的巧克力板)	3块 (165~174 g)
鲜奶油(乳脂肪含量35%)	50 mL
蜂蜜	10 g

巧克力点心 (白)	1186 kcal
白巧克力 (市面销售的巧克力板)	4块 (160~180 g)
鲜奶油(乳脂肪含量35%)	50 mL
蜂蜜	10 g

巧克力点心 (黑)	1416 kcal		
黑巧克力 (市面销售的巧克力板)	3块 (165~174 g)		
鲜奶油(乳脂肪含量35%)	70 mL		
蜂蜜	10 g		

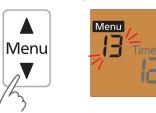
※鲜奶油使用乳脂肪含量在41%以上时, 鲜奶油含量内的10 mL改为牛奶。

【例】黑巧克力时

鲜奶油: 60 mL, 牛奶: 10 mL

●请务必遵守上述份量规定。 否则可能会造成油水分离或太软。

# ▲ 选择食谱"13"









- 多出哔哔声后,按下**Stop**(取消)键,取出面包容器,用橡皮刮刀清除黏在面包用叶片上的巧克力,
  - 再手动拆下面包用叶片
    - ●还有部分未溶化时,选择"追加搅拌"。(P.92)
    - ●使用金属等刮铲及夹具等时,可能会有损伤。
- 使用橡皮刮刀 将巧克力装在铺有 保鲜膜及烹饪纸的平底容器中
- 左冰箱内冷藏凝固 2 小时以上
- 切成适当大小

●切好的巧克力,上面可以撒上可可粉及糖粉等。

# 制作巧克力点心

# 搅拌不足时,进行 "追加搅拌

搅拌结束后,最多可进行2次追加搅拌。

- ※"追加搅拌"要在搅拌结束后的5分钟内进行。 库内温度一旦变低就无法追加搅拌。
- ※ "追加搅拌"前用橡皮刮刀铲下面包容器周围黏附的巧克力, 再充分搅拌。

# )选择食谱"13"





# 2 设定搅拌时间





●可设定为1~5分钟。

# ③开始





- ■取消追加烘烤时, ⇒ 按Stop(取消)键

  - ■还可通过以下方法进行"追加搅拌"。

※在步骤3(P.91)没有按下Stop(取消)键时

- ① 按下 Minute 设定搅拌时间
- ②按下 start 开始

所需时间:约17分钟

●热量标准表示1次的量

草莓巧克力	1136 kcal
白巧克力(板)	4块(160 g)
奶油	20 g
蜂蜜	10 g
草莓 (捣碎/泥状)	40 g



玉米脆片巧克力	
(一口一个约20个的量)	1279 kcal
┌黑巧克力(板)	2块(116 g)
A 鲜奶油	40 mL
L 蜂蜜	10 g
玉米脆片	100 g

- ①使用A制作巧克力。(P.91)
- ②将①与玉米脆片混合在一起。
- ③用汤勺将巧克力分别放到烹饪纸上。大小可 按个人喜好,放在冰箱,使其凝固。



慕斯巧克力			
(约玻璃杯五杯的量) 1733 kcal			
	┌黑巧克力(板)	2块(116 g)	
Α	鲜奶油 (乳脂肪含量35%)	60 mL	
蜂蜜		10 g	
鲜奶油		180 mL	
您喜欢的水果(装饰用)		适量	

- ①使用A制作生巧克力。(P.91)
- ②将鲜奶油打至发泡。
- ③在②中加入温热的①搅拌。
- ④盛到玻璃杯中,冷却,根据个人喜好装饰水果。
- ●根据个人喜欢,还可将切碎的巧克力与坚果 (10~20g) 混合搅拌。

# 清洁保养

为了避免损伤 氟素涂层…… ● 尽快洗干净擦干!

(不可在没洗干净或沾有水的状态下放置)

● 用柔软的海绵清洗!

(不要使用去污粉、金属刷、海绵的) 尼龙面、百洁布、不要使用洗碗机 清洗



# 面包容器·叶片

# 清除剩余的面团,用水 冲洗



- ① 在面包容器内加入 少量热水,放置一 会。
- 叶片难以拆下时, 左右转动一下再拔 出来。



- ② 用水清洗面包容器 和叶片。
- 安装轴周围不要残留面团等。面团等 残留下来会损伤面包容器的氟素涂层。



③ 用竹签将粘在叶片 处和安装轴上的面 团清除干净。



- 面团若黏附在安装轴上,易 造成叶片脱落,或残留于 面包中。
- 若很脏时,请用厨房专用洗 涤剂(中性)清洗。

# 上盖

# 用拧干的 **湿抹布擦拭**

● 用湿抹布将黏在酵母容器的干酵母擦掉,然后再确认投放干酵母的孔已关闭。



● 面包过度膨胀而接触到内盖,可能导致涂层剥落,但不会影响面包制作,误食剥落的涂层不会对人体造成影响。面包完成后请尽快用拧干的湿布擦拭内盖。



# 清洁保养

# 盖容器盖

# 取下,用水冲洗

【拆卸方法】





●打开上盖容器盖至70度角后,再将右侧向上提拉。

# 酵母容器

用拧干的

湿抹布擦干净后,自然 晾干。



# 酵母容器不能用 干布擦拭!

产生的静电会导致 干酵母不易落下

# 葡萄干·坚果容器

拆下后,用厨房的专用洗涤剂(中性) 清洗



●向上拉。





Panasonic

### 用拧干的 湿抹布擦拭

●清除掉在库内散落的干 酵母以及辅料等。





# 常见问题

可以用专用的面粉制作吗?

#### 吐司面包

可以制作,但是需要调整水量。因为可能发生面包过度膨胀,或面包上方出现凹陷的情况。请减少5~10%的水量。

#### 法式面包

可以制作,但是面包的品质与膨胀程度因专用面粉的种类而异。

可以用其他材料代替奶油和奶粉吗?

可以。

请使用等量的人造奶油、起酥油等固体油脂来代替奶油。 奶粉(大1),相当于70 mL的牛奶。

●使用牛奶时,请减少相当于牛奶份量的水份。



可以按照市面销售的烹饪书中份量制作吗?

本说明书中的份量是针对本型号制面包机的情况制订的,若按其他份量进行烘烤的话,可能会烘烤不佳。



可以制作半斤的面包吗?

虽然采用一半材料,但由于"揉面"和"排出空气"的力度都太难掌握,无法与自动制面包机的制作程序配合,因此不行。

可以用自己做的天然酵母吗?

材料

因为发酵能力不稳定,不容易发酵成功。

如何保存干酵母?

请放入冰箱保存。(开封后必须密封,并尽快用完)

- ●请在保存期间(未开封状态下,依保存方式进行保存的有效期限)使用。
- ●请勿放入冷冻库内冷冻保存。 (干酵母会吸湿结块,无法从酵母容器中脱落)

可以使用一般的米粉制作米粉面包吗?

一般的米粉可以在其中混合20%的面粉,制作米粉混合面包。 (请用食谱"1"(吐司面包)进行烘烤)

是否可以使用指定以外的面包用米粉?

即使使用相同的配方也会因为粉的种类不同导致硬度有差异,无法顺利揉和,没办法制作。

可用什么样的米饭制作米饭面包?

放凉的米饭温度标准在30℃以下。

放入冰箱冷藏的米饭也可使用,但是变硬后难以软化时,要先加入水软化后再放入,这样比较容易搅拌。(P.100)

冷冻后的米饭,请在解冻后恢复至常温后再使用。 保温在12小时以内的米饭,请在冷却后再使用。

# 常见问题

冷冻过的馅料面包的 曲奇面团可以用吗?

可以使用。

请事先自然解冻,注意放在面包面团上时不能太硬。

材料

撒手粉时使用什么面 粉比较好?

面包成形时,建议使用高筋面粉。

在水里泡了一晚的糯 米还能用吗?

虽然可以使用,但做出来的麻糬会太软,因此一般不建议使用。 请减少糯米吸收的那部份水量(12个: 80 mL, 18个: 140 mL)。

吐司面包可以烘烤成 方形吗?

用家庭用制面包机烘烤出来的面包,在烘烤时面团会向上膨 胀扩张,形成山形("锅底")状的面包。



如何切好面包?

烘烤结束后马上切会比较困难,建议待30分钟后再切。

●把面包放倒后,用面包刀前后移动切开面包。



面包是否不好取出?

取出面包容器后,冷却2分钟仍难以取出时,请再将面包容器放入本体内,放 置5~10分钟后再取出。

- ●如果超出时间,面包会收缩下塌。
- ●请勿使用刀叉、筷子等取出面包。 (会伤害到氟素涂层)

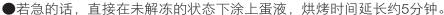


切成薄片, 每片用保鲜膜包起来冷冻。



将成形、发酵好的面包摆放在托盘上, 覆上保鲜膜放于冷冻室, 吐司与面团可以冷冻 冻好后放入塑胶袋中保存。 保存吗?

烘烤时,在30~35℃下解冻后,涂上蛋液(打匀的鸡蛋)烘烤。



#### 披萨

将擀好的面团用保鲜膜包起来冷冻。 烘烤时, 直接拿出来放上辅料烘烤。



在面包或披萨面团的 制作过程中,干酵母 没有进行混合?

面团搅拌后,会在分割、成形及二次发酵中起到作用,所以没有问题。

面包面团食谱做出的 面包面团很软?

请将水的用量减少5~10 mL。 若撒上高筋面粉的话,会比较容易处理。 在面包或披萨面团的制作过程中,不怎么发酵

发酵的程度可能因比例不同而变慢。 若面包面团披萨面团制作结束后,不打开上盖,继续放置时,可以继续发酵。 (基准: 20~30分钟)

#### 失败的面团还可以再 用吗?

(例) 仍为面团状态, 未被烘烤时 …等 可以用来做甜甜圈或披萨等食品。 请确认是停止在以下的哪种状态后,再按照下述的做法进行操作。

- ●干酵母残留在酵母容器内时
  - →调到食谱"10"(披萨面团)后重新开始制作面团,做成甜甜圈(P.86)或披萨(P.87)!
- ●酵母容器内没有残留干酵母时
  - ➡取出面团,做成甜甜圈 (P.87) 或披萨 (P.87)!



# 面包形状异常!

手工制作面包真难把握 每次做出来的形状 都不一样···



#### 出现以下情况时

### 请确认以下内容

#### 膨胀不足



#### 高度标准

(吐司面包、软式及) 米饭面包的情况下/



不足 15 cm

(米粉面包的情况下)



不足 14 cm

(快速面包、全麦面包<sup>※1</sup>) 的情况下



不足 13 cm

※1 使用50%的全麦面粉

(全麦面包※2的情况下)



不足 11 cm

※2 使用100%的全麦面粉

(法式面包、馅料面包的情况下



不足 10 cm ●受温度、湿度、材料、预约时间等条件的影响,面包的形状和蓬松度都会 发生变化。

- ●是否放入太多葡萄干之类的辅料?
- ●室温是否太高了呢? (室温过高,则形状会变差)
  - →请将面粉等材料放入冰箱内冷藏。

# 面粉

●是否用秤称重了? (不可使用附带的计量杯)

- ●是否使用了蛋白质含量超过12~15%之间的面粉?
- ●是否使用了高筋面粉?
- ●是否使用了过期的面粉?
- <法式面包…>
- ●是否弄错了高筋面粉和低筋面粉的比例?

### 水

●是否太少?

- <快速面包、法式面包、全麦面包、馅料面包…>
- ●使用的是否都是约5°C的冷水?
- <室温超过25 ℃时>
- ●是否使用约5°C的冷水?

#### 砂糖

●是否太少?

# 干酵母

- ●使用的是不需提前发酵的干酵母吗?
- ●是否放入酵母容器内?
- ●是否太少?
  - ●是否在冰箱内保存? (P.60)
  - ●是否使用了过期的干酵母呢?

#### 过度膨胀



高度标准



面粉

●是否太多?

●是否使用了面包的专用面粉? (P.96)

水

●是否太多?

干酵母

●是否太多?

- →按照指定份量操作却出现过度膨胀时,请尝试将干酵母或砂糖减少¼~½的量。
- ●在海拔超过1,000 m的地区,有时会出现过度膨胀的现象。
- ●面包过度膨胀而接触到盖子内侧,可能会导致涂层剥落。误食剥落的涂层,并不会对人体造成影响。

丰

### 出现以下情况时

### 请确认以下内容

#### 完全不膨胀

(整体偏白,面团状)



干酵母

- ●是否忘记放入干酵母了呢?
- ●是否使用了保存不好、或过期的干酵母?
- ●是否忘记安装面包叶片?
- ●中途是否出现了停电情况?

每次做出的形状和膨 胀程度都不同

●手工制作的面包因以下条件,每次做出的形状和膨胀程度都会发生改变!

-夏季等室温高时

-运转时室温发生变化(如中途关闭空调等)

•使用了蛋白质含量较少的面粉烘烤时 材料的种类、性质 •使用了保存不善、过期的干酵母时

底部发粘, 侧面收缩 下塌



- ●是否将烘烤好的面包迅速从面包容器内取出,放在网架上散热呢?
- ●室温高时,将水量减少10 mL会有效果。

上部凹陷 (外皮烤焦)

上部平坦, 呈四 角形凹陷

凹陷



- ●面粉是否太少呢?
- ●水是否太多呢?
- <全麦面包…>
- ●当全麦面粉的比例过多或面粉的种类不同时易发生这种情况。

底部凹陷大 坑,直立不 起

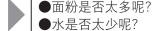


- ●留下了面包用叶片的形状。
- ●取出面包时,是否碰到了面包容器的底部? (有时因叶片转动会弄坏面包)



不要转动

周围有多余的面粉



不能烘烤出自己希望 的颜色,上部有部分 烤焦

- ●请改变烤色(P.72),或者调整砂糖的用量。 减少砂糖的用量,则烤色会变淡,增加则烤色会变深。
- ●面包溢出面包容器时,请减少干酵母与水量。
- ●若面包上部超出面包容器太多,有可能造成剥离等现象。

# 面包形状异常!

#### 出现以下情况时

#### 请确认以下内容

面包外皮太硬

●等外皮冷却到人体肌肤温度后,放入保鲜袋,则面包外皮会变软。

吐 成形、发酵后的面团 司 有黏性 形 ●发酵时间太长,会使面团松弛,就会变得有黏性。 虽然不同种类的面包的发酵时间不同,但一般的辨别方法是用手指轻轻按 一下膨胀的面团侧面,如果慢慢弹起来,就说明发酵完成。

做不好牛角面包

●奶油如果融化,就难以包覆在面团中,将不能形成 层次感。请将面团放入冰箱充分冷却后再包入奶油。 ※特别是在室温高时,奶油容易融化,需要延长冷却时间。



米饭面包

发现有米粒残留

●请在另一个容器内放入米饭和水,将米饭充分软化后再放入面包容器内。

馅料面包的曲奇面团 裂开 ●是否充分搅拌了曲奇面团?

●是否将曲奇面团揉到光滑状态?

●是否将曲奇面团强行卷入面包面团呢?

※只需将曲奇面团放在面包面团上。

(轻轻按压使之贴紧后则形状会保持得更好。)

●格子图案是否刻太深了?

馅料面包

馅料面包的曲奇面皮 软绵绵的 ●原因在于奶油在软化时出现了融化,使面团液体含量过多。 ※若奶油融化的话,即使将面团冷藏后,还是会松软易碎。

馅料面包的曲奇面团 偏向一边

┃●是否将面包面团重新放到中央位置了呢?

# 面包形状异常!

#### 出现以下情况时

### 请确认以下内容

# 馅料面包

曲奇面团不在上面

- ●曲奇面团是否冷却过度变硬?
- ※根据"加工作业剩余10分钟后"的显示,将曲奇面团从冰箱中取出,用擀面棍擀薄。曲奇面团达到柔软且可以完全弯曲的程度时较好。

#### 曲奇面团从面包容器 中溢出来

- ●放曲奇面团时,是否轻轻按过周围?
- ※如果按压面团太过用力,烘焙时曲奇面团的表面会裂开。

# 米粉面包

蛋糕

巧克力

预约烘烤做出来的米 粉面包,形状不好看

- ●是否在室温超过25°C时进行了预约呢?
- ※室温高时,材料的温度也会过高,因此做出来的面包形状会变差。 请不要设置过长的预约时间。

#### 膨胀不足



- ●是否加入了泡打粉?
- ●是否将低筋面粉与泡打粉筛过后再放入?

#### 上部残留有奶油



- ●奶油是否恢复常温?
- ●是否按顺序放入材料?

### 周围带有面粉

- ●是否清除面粉了?
- ●材料的投入次序是否正确?

#### 制作出的蛋糕与预想 的不一样

●做出来的蛋糕类似于奶油蛋糕,但达不到市场出售的海绵蛋糕的烘焙程度。若将低筋面粉减至160g,蛋糕会变得松软些。

### 鲜奶油和巧克力无法 融合

●乳脂肪含量高(41%以上)的鲜奶油与可可含量多的巧克力一起使用,可能无法融合。 增加10 mL的牛奶,有助于二者融合。

#### 太软

●使用牛奶成分多的巧克力则会变软。 请减少10~20 mL的鲜奶油。

#### 面包容器内周围沾有 巧克力

●请在5分钟内用橡皮刮刀将面包容器的巧克力刮下,再追加搅拌2~3分钟。

# "操作错误!"的补救措施

以下的材料可在下列时间内放入。

但是,由于最初在"揉面"时,材料没有充分搅拌,可能无法成功做出面包。

	但定,田丁取彻住 	探围一时,材料没有允万规杆,可能无法成功做出国包。	
	忘放的材料	放入的时间	
>	奶油 砂奶糖 奶盘盐	干酵母被投入之前,左列材料还可放入面包容器内。 "面团"功能 •披萨面团 ····································	
	干酵母	投入干酵母前,将干酵母放入酵母容器内。 "面团"功能披萨面团	

忘记放入材料就按了Start (开始)!

选错了食谱、葡萄干、烤 色等功能就按了**Start**(开 始)! 若是刚刚开始,可以重新操作。请长按**Stop**(取消)键中止操作,选择正确的食谱<sup>※</sup>葡萄干功能烤色后重新开始。

※请勿变更为"米粉面包"。(因为最初的制作工序不同)

安装了错误的叶片并启动!

请长按**Stop**(取消)键停止操作,重新安装正确的叶片后再开始。 (不更换正确的叶片,则可能会停止转动。)

拔掉了电源插头!

即使拔掉电源插头,在10分钟内插回去,仍可以恢复。 ※请勿按下**Start**(开始)键。

中途错按了Stop(取消)键!

在10分钟内按下**Start**(开始)即可恢复。 ※只有1次有效。请不要按其他键。

■失败的面团可以再做成披萨或甜甜圈。(P.86,87,97)

# 故障诊断

请先确认以下事项 如果仍有异常,请立即联络Panasionic客户咨询服务中心

出现以下情况时

原因

修理方法

无法进行按键操作

●电源插头是否松脱?

插上电源插头。

按了Start(开始)键 也不运转(不揉面)

●米粉面包的工序是从"醒面"开始的,一开始不运转。

干酵母没有落下

●干酵母自动放入的时间因食谱和室温等条件不同而有差异。

●酵母容器潮湿或带有静电。

用拧干的湿抹布擦拭,自然风干。

●干酵母是否受潮?

使用新的干酵母。

**中途运转停止** (显示当前的时间) ●运转中,若出现10分钟以上的停电,则会停止运转。

若是在面团状态下停止,可以再利用。(P.97)

无法调整到想要 预约的时间 ●想设置的时间是否为无法预约的时间? 食谱不同,烘烤结束所需的时间也不同。

【可设置的时间例】

食谱: 吐司面包

当前时间:晚上8点30分

(液晶时刻显示"20:30")

可设置时间:凌晨0点40分~上午9点30分

 $("0:40" \sim "9:30")$ 

※只能在上述时间段设置。

请在下列范围内调整时间。

- ●吐司面包
- 4小时10分钟~13小时后
- ●软式面包
- 4小时30分钟~13小时后
- ●米饭面包
  - 4小时10分钟~13小时后
- ●法式面包
- 5小时10分钟~13小时后
- ●全麦面包
  - 5小时10分钟~13小时后
- ●米粉面包
  - 2小时40分钟~13小时后

预约后马上就开 始揉面了 ●使用面包食谱的吐司面包、米饭面包、法式面包、全麦面包,只有最开始的"揉面" 程序是在预约后马上进行。(P.62)

正在使用或预约 时,发出声音 发出以下声音并不是异常现象。

- 在做麻糬,或在面团"揉面"或"排气"时
  - •"吱吱""啪嗒啪嗒"……面团搅拌的声音
  - •"嗡嗡"………马达运转的声音
- 干酵母或葡萄干容器的材料放入面包容器时
- •"噶恰噶恰" ……开闭阀、开闭板的声音

**中途运转停止** (叶片不转了) ●材料过多,或叶片被坚硬材料卡住,造成马达负担过重,则保护装置开始运作,中途 就会停止转动。

(即使操作完成,也是粉状,未烘烤好)

※请联系Panasonic客户咨询服务中心进行维修。

#### 叶片咯哒咯哒响

●由于在叶片与主轴之间有缝隙。(前端活动3 cm左右)

当前时间显示变 淡、消失

●锂电池达到寿命期限(约2年)。

※在更换电池前,插上电源还是可以使用。 但要装上电池座。

(否则可能会有异物混入)

※使用定时功能时,就必须要调整为当前的时间。

拆下电池更换。(P.59)

仍然是粉状,无 法烘烤

●是否忘记安装叶片了?

安装好叶片。(P.68)

▶面包容器内部叶片的安装轴是否太紧无法 转动?

面包容器底部有 面团漏出

使用过程中,面包容器的排出口会排出 少量面团。

(为了不妨碍转动,进 入到转动部位的面团会被 排出,这并不是异常。 但请确认叶片安装轴是 否处于转动状态。)

排出口(4处)

(面包容器的底部)

安装了叶片, 但叶片的安装轴不转 动时, 要更换主轴的轴承。

(请与Panasonic客户咨询服务中心联系)





面包容器的底部 变黑

●面包容器底部可能会因搅拌摩擦而变黑。当变黑时,请用湿的厨房用纸擦拭。

内盖涂层剥落

●面包过度膨胀而接触到内盖,可能导致涂层剥落,但不会影响面包制作,误食剥落的 涂层不会对人体造成影响。

面包完成后请尽快用拧干的湿布擦拭内盖。

●开始使用时,会冒烟、散发出气味,随著继续使用会逐渐消失。这并不影响使用。

# 出现下列情况时··

Electric shock

显示

表示在使用中出现停电。

如果停电时间在10分钟以内,则来电后会自动进行运转。 (有时会做出不良面包)

即使在使用中拔掉电源,重新插电启动后也会显示。

₩50 显示

●表示由于连续使用,机器内处于高 温状态(40℃以上)。

打开上盖, 让库内充分冷却。 (烘烤结束后冷却1小时左右)

H□ 1 • H□□ 显示

●这是故障。

※请联系Panasonic客户咨询服务中心进行维修。

# 规格

	电源	220 V∼50 Hz	
加热器		360 W	
功率	电机	80 W	
防	上温度过高装置	温度保险丝	
<b>K</b>		30.4 cm	
尺寸 (约)	宽	24.1 cm	
	高	34.5 cm	
净重		6.1 kg	
	电源线长度	0.9 m	
	面包/面包面团	(面粉) 最大使用量: 330 g 最小使用量: 150 g	
容量	酵母容器	(干酵母)最大使用量: 4.2 g 最小使用 量: 1.4 g	
	葡萄干、坚果容器	(干果/坚果类)最大使用量: 100 g 最小使用量: 1 g	

-1- AK	<b>♦</b> :₩	<b>応</b> 見	7T //A
功能	食谱	容量	预约
	吐司	(面粉) 最大: 275 g 最小: 250 g	可预约至 13 小时
	快速	(面粉) 最大: 300 g 最小: 280 g	
	软式	(面粉) 最大: 275 g 最小: 250 g	可预约至 13 小时
面包	法式	(面粉) 最大: 275 g 最小: 250 g	可预约至 13 小时
川巴	全麦	(面粉) 最大: 275 g 最小: 250 g	可预约至 13 小时
	米饭	面粉 230 g	可预约至 13 小时
	米粉	(面粉) 最大: 300 g 最小: 250 g	
	馅料	(面粉) 最大: 165 g 最小: 150 g	
	面包面团	(面粉) 最大: 300 g 最小: 280 g	
面团	披萨面团	(面粉) 最大: 300 g 最小: 280 g	
	饺子皮面团	(面粉) 最大: 308 g 最小: 280 g	
其他	蛋糕	(面粉) 最大: 198g最小: 180g	
共化	巧克力	巧克力 160~180 g	

### Menu number table

NO.	Menu	NO.	Menu
1	Bread	8	Stuffed bread
2	Rapid bread	9	Bread dough
3	Soft bread	10	Pizza dough
4	French bread	11	Dumpling skin dough
5	Whole wheat bread	12	Cake
6	Rice bread	13	Chocolate
7	Rice flour bread		

# ●食谱编号表

食谱编号	食谱	食谱编号	食谱
1	吐司面包	8	馅料面包
2	快速面包	9	面包面团
3	软式面包	10	披萨面团
4	法式面包	11	饺子皮面团
5	全麦面包	12	蛋糕
6	米饭面包	13	巧克力
7	米粉面包		

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