Raising Quality Levels and Ensuring Product Safety

Management System
Based on the management philosophy that its founder espoused—that the company should strive “to contribute to society through its products and services while always placing the customer first”—Panasonic, as a leader in global trends, engages in manufacturing while continuously improving its various systems and mechanisms to raise quality levels and ensure product safety, setting unique targets for itself as a company that are even more demanding than the generally accepted standards and regulations.

As a part of its fundamental policy regarding product quality, Panasonic has established a unique set of Basic Rules for Quality Administration under the responsibility of Chief Quality Officer, who holds ultimate responsibility for all Panasonic quality. The creation and use of the Panasonic Quality Management System is part of Panasonic’s continuous engagement in improving the quality of its products, with a perspective that puts the customer first. In October 2016, Panasonic enacted unique standards of duty for its medical equipment manufacturing and sales business to promote a smoother and more appropriate performance of duties involved in the manufacturing and sales of medical equipment.

Panasonic has expressed profound regret for the accidents involving FF-type kerosene heaters and reflects the lessons it has learned when ensuring the safety of its products. The company regards product safety to be its top management priority. Specifically, Panasonic applies unique product safety standards to each phase (from planning and design to service and disposal) for every product to ensure product safety. Furthermore, Panasonic strives to take product safety to the next level in line with changes to its businesses or products by convening its groupwide Corporate Product Safety Committee whenever necessary. The company also uses its website as a means to make announcements and provide up-to-date information regarding the safety of all of its products to customers.

Policy
Panasonic’s Groupwide Quality Policy is unique in its statement that the company will “truly serve customers by way of providing products and services that continuously meet and satisfy the needs of customers and society.”

The company has also established a basic policy regarding the autonomous code of conduct for product safety. (This basic policy was approved at a meeting of the board of directors—held on June 27, 2007—of what was then called Matsushita Electric Industrial Co., Ltd.) Under this policy, Panasonic actively strives to ensure the safety of its products, keeping to its principles of “the customer comes first” and of maintaining a “super-honest” attitude.

▶ Basic Policy Regarding the Autonomous Code of Conduct for Product Safety

The Panasonic Code of Conduct also states, in its “Product Safety” section, that the company will strive to ensure the safety of its products.


Regulations
Quality Management System
To establish self-sufficient quality assurance processes in each company, Panasonic published its Quality Management System (P-QMS) Guidelines in 2004. These Guidelines complement the requirements of the ISO9001 standard with Panasonic’s own quality assurance methods and experience to create a quality management system that aims to deliver the level of quality that the company demands.

Quality management systems are also established within each Company and workplace based on those guidelines and tailored to their specific business specialties, and then quality assessment and internal audits to verify the progress of those systems are conducted at every level (group, company, workplace, etc.), all as part of the company’s commitment to continuous improvement in quality.
Panasonic has established standards for each of its business areas—including consumer electronics, automotive, housing, devices, BtoB solutions, and pharmaceuticals—specifying which portions apply groupwide and which portions apply to specific businesses, with the aim of moving toward compliance in all its diversifying business areas.

**Education**

To thoroughly spread Panasonic’s approach to quality among its employees, the company holds training for all quality managers in each company, business division, and overseas subsidiary designed to teach employees about Panasonic quality twice each year (once per half). Panasonic also holds its Quality Control Circles World Conference to improve the quality control skills of on-site employees through horizontal expansion of QC activities where employees learn methods for solving problems in the workplace in November every year. At the 25th conference, held in fiscal 2018, 28 quality control circles were picked from a total of 4,813 groupwide circles to compete in a quality control grand prix.

![A scene from the Quality Control Circle World Conference](image)

To establish a culture in the workplace that makes product safety the top priority in manufacturing, Panasonic holds product safety training lectures to train product safety experts. To further ensure that this culture of prioritizing product safety reaches all group employees, Panasonic conducts product safety education, such as by providing employees with self-directed learning opportunities, including the Fundamentals of Product Safety e-learning program, and by holding Product Safety Forums, where employees can consider product safety-related issues through cases seen inside and outside the company.

Panasonic has also established a Product Safety Learning Square at the Human Resources Development Company in Hirakata, Osaka, with the aims of conveying lessons based on actual sites and actual items, and of providing instruction on product safety-related skills. The Product Safety Learning Square offers an opportunity to see actual products that were recalled in the past—such as those recalled after the FF-type kerosene heater accidents—as well as the internal recall announcements and other information on the causes of their problems, the steps taken during the recall, and the measures taken to prevent the essentially unsafe phenomena (including tracking or strength degradation).

In fiscal 2018, 7,000 employees ranging from new hires to management-level employees took part in the Comprehensive Product Safety Course where they renewed their resolution to never allow another accident to happen after learning about accidents from the customer’s perspective.

In order to further spread and establish P-QMS to all quality associates in the group, Panasonic also provided e-learning to roughly 90% of the nearly 4,000 employees at the manager level at all divisions under Companies in Japan.

**Responsible Executive and Framework**

As of August 2018, the Chief Quality Officer (CQO) is Senior Managing Executive Officer Yoshiyuki Miyabe.

With the support and governance of the Panasonic head office, each company, business division, and overseas subsidiary has implemented systems for undertaking its business with independent responsibility and self-sufficiency.
Committees and Organizations

Activities of Quality Managers Meetings
Panasonic investigates and summarizes groupwide quality improvement efforts within the group and the state of product quality at its CQO Meetings. These meetings are attended by the CQOs from each company and related function persons. At the meetings, the attendees discuss how Panasonic should handle quality over the medium and long terms, and they decide on policies and actions meant to further strengthen the foundation of quality for the whole group.

Panasonic also periodically holds Quality Managers Meetings—attended by the quality managers at each company—as a place for more practical discussions on quality policies. These meetings both enhance cooperation within the group and promote quality improvement efforts. Since fiscal 2016, Panasonic has held a Global Quality Managers Meeting for quality managers from around the world. It is an opportunity for these managers to share regional issues and annual plans with companies from other regions, facilitating quality improvement efforts.

Activities of the Corporate Product Safety Committee
To conduct manufacturing with safety as its top priority, in 2012, Panasonic organized its groupwide Corporate Product Safety Committee made up of key people in product quality assurance at each Company and established a Safety Technology Working Group and a Safety Standards Working Group under its umbrella. Using these working groups, the company began to develop safety technologies and upgrade its product safety standards on a regular basis, in response to the 2005 FF-type kerosene heater accidents.

Because of the growth of various types of robotics products and increases in product safety-related accidents among the elderly, as well as products that use lithium-ion batteries and products that are connected to the Internet, Panasonic is investigating new policies to pursue in regard to these matters, including both safety and preventive measures.

Activities of the Safety Technology Working Group
The Safety Technology Working Group takes into account the possibility that customers may use products longer than anticipated at the design stage. It develops scientific evaluation methods for testing the durability of materials used in products—including accelerated deterioration tests—accumulates data and creates testing databases. In fiscal 2018, the
working group shifted its product safety activities from accident response to accident prevention and considered ideas for future Panasonic businesses, including the idea of reflecting considerations for children and the elderly during product design stages.

Activities of the Safety Standards Working Group

To realize a higher level of product safety beyond just complying with public safety standards, Panasonic has established the Panasonic Corporation Safety Standards (PCSS), consisting of internal design rules that are even stricter than public standards that must be followed when developing products. The Safety Standards Working Group has reflected in the PCSS what it has learned from the activities of the Safety Technology Working Group, and it has strengthened standards relating to major safety issues, such as long-term use, flame-retarding measures, and fall prevention. In fiscal 2018, it prioritized preventing lithium-ion batteries from catching fire by filling out and strengthening its unique Panasonic standards to be applied to all products that use such batteries. The working group is also making efforts to expand the scope of its product safety standards to actively prevent risks that it anticipates could occur because of the expanded areas in which the company does business. For example, the working group revised internal standards for each business, such as the Panasonic System Safety Standards (PSSS), which cover energy management and other systems. To ensure the safety of Panasonic’s personal care robots, the working group also revised the Panasonic Personal care Robot Safety Standards (PRSS).

Global Safety Standard Certifications Obtained

Personal care robot safety certification ISO 13482*1 acquired: January 2017
In February 2014, Resyone—a robotic device for nursing care that combines the functionality of a bed and a wheelchair—was the first device worldwide to acquire the global safety standard ISO 13482. Resyone PLUS, which improved on Resyone’s convenience, safety, and aesthetics, acquired certification based on ISO 13482 in January 2017.
See: http://sumai.panasonic.jp/agefree/products/resyoneplus/

Road vehicle functional safety standard ISO 26262*2 acquired: February 2012
Panasonic acquired process certification in the ISO 26262 road vehicle functional safety*3 standard from the German third-party organization TÜV SUD. The body recognized that Panasonic is able to comply with the highest level of safety in the standard, ASIL-D, during the process of developing onboard devices and device software.
See: https://www.jeita.or.jp/japanese/exhibit/2015/1111/pdf/02_Functional.pdf

*1: The international standard relating to the safety of personal care robots, issued by the International Organization for Standardization (ISO). Three types of robots are covered: physical assistant robots, mobile servant robots, and person carrier robots.
*2: An international standard for road vehicle functional safety that was published on November 15, 2011. The standard sets out four Automotive Safety Integrity Levels (ASILs): ASIL A through ASIL D.
*3: Safety achieved through the working (functioning) of electric or electronic devices, such as microcomputers. Functions include the detection of malfunctions, safe stop controls, and user warnings.
Responding to Product-Related Incidents

In the event that a product-related accident has occurred in the market, Panasonic immediately confirms the facts relating to the incident, and analyzes and verifies its causes. If a product-related incident is deemed to be serious, the group’s head office and each of its companies and business sites work together to take appropriate measures to ensure the safety of its customers. Specifically, the company’s first response is to notify relevant government bodies such as the Consumer Affairs Agency, as well as the company president and senior management, and then considers how to respond to the market.

Product Accident Response Flowchart

Serious Product-Related Accident Information

In Japan, Panasonic publicly reports serious product accidents*1, accidents suspected of being caused by products*2, and accidents for which it has been determined that it is unclear whether a product was the cause*3, based on the Consumer Product Safety Act and Panasonic’s basic policies, as laid out in its Autonomous Code of Conduct for Product Safety.

*1 “Serious product accidents” are the following accidents specified in the Consumer Product Safety Act:
   1. Accidents resulting in death;
   2. Accidents resulting in serious injury or illness (injury or illness requiring at least 30 days of treatment), or accidents resulting in permanent injury;
   3. Carbon monoxide poisoning;
   4. Fires (confirmed as such by firefighting authorities).

*2 “Accidents suspected of being caused by products” are defined as follows:
   • Accidents relating to gas devices or kerosene devices (including accidents in which it has yet to be determined whether the product was the cause);
   • Accidents relating to products other than gas or kerosene devices for which it is suspected that the product was the cause. Panasonic promptly releases information on these types of accidents.

*3 “Accidents for which it has been determined that it is unclear whether a product was the cause”
   Panasonic publicly releases information on accidents for which the Product Safety Group of the Consumer Affairs Council of the Ministry of Economy, Trade and Industry has determined that it remains unclear whether a product was the cause.

List of Information Concerning Serious Product-Related Accidents
https://www.panasonic.com/jp/corporate/info/psc.html
Quality and Product Safety: List of Awards

Recipient of the METI Minister’s Award at the 11th Best Contributors to Product Safety Awards
(Details: http://www.meti.go.jp/product_safety/ps-award/)

The Laundry and Cleaner division at Panasonic Appliance received the Excellence Award (the judges panel prize) in the Large Manufacturer and Importer Category at the METI's Best Contributors to Product Safety Awards. The company was awarded this prize due to its high ratings in the following criteria, among others:

1) “The company’s solid record of product safety and the ample human resources that have allowed it to do that”;
2) “The company’s record of measured manufacturing”;
3) “The company’s continued initiatives toward making its product manuals easy to understand”

This honor came for the third consecutive year, following PanaHome receiving the Director-General for Commerce, Distribution, and Industrial Safety Policy Award in 2015 and Eco Solutions Company receiving the METI Minister’s Award in 2016.

* This awards program was launched by the Ministry of Economy, Trade and Industry (METI) in 2007 with the aim of encouraging private enterprises to make a greater commitment to improving product safety, as well as to firmly establish the value of product safety in society as a whole.

Recipient of six 2017 IAUD Awards: Grand Award, Gold Awards, and Silver Awards

Panasonic received a Grand Award at the 2017 IAUD Awards, sponsored by the International Association for Universal Design (IAUD), for its “Panasonic’s Universal Design Communication” (for details, see: https://www.panasonic.com/jp/corporate/technology-design/ud.html), and two Gold Awards, for “R4 Series, Rechargeable Receiver-In-Canal Hearing Aid” and “Panasonic Let’s Remo-con AD/ST PN-L90102, PN-L90101.” This is the sixth consecutive year that the company has received gold awards.

Panasonic also received three Silver Awards for “Bone Conduction Head Set,” “Bagged Canister Vacuum Cleaner / Panasonic MC-JP800G/SJP800G Series,” and “Robotic Vacuum Cleaner RULO / Panasonic MC-RS800 Series,” making the company the recipient of the most awards out of all recipients. (For details, see: https://www.iaud.net/award/9631/)